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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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Cambria Freeman
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

dragon letter to women. No. 1.
Laurel Ave., San Francisco,
May 18, 1892.

"Dear friend of women:
"When my baby was born, years ago, I got up in six s. Far too soon. Result: ing of the womb. Ever since been miserable.
"I tried everything: doctors, dicines, apparatus; but grew se.
"I could hardly stand; and king without support was possible.
"At last I saw an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's *Vegetable Compound*, and decided to try it. The effect was nishing. Since I took the bottle my womb has not bothered me, and, thanks only to you, I am now well. Every suffering woman ould know how reliable your ompound is. It is a sure cure."
Mrs. A. Detwiler.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER.
Vegetable Sicilian

The great popularity of this preparation, which has been in use for many years, should be an assurance to the most skeptical, that it does all that is claimed. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does restore the natural color to gray or faded hair; promotes a new growth of hair on bald heads (provided the hair follicles are not entirely destroyed, which is seldom the case); restores the scalp healthful and clean, cures dandruff, prevents the hair falling off or turning gray; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and abundant.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its results by the healthful influence of its ingredients, which invigorate the hair glands. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair hard and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS
colors them brown or black, as desired, with the best dye, because it is harmless; imparts a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

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OF ITS KIND IN AMERICA. A BUSINESS EDUCATION THAT SECURES SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS POSITIONS. ADDRESS P. DUFF

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to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised, fifty-seventh year, and sustained by every planter. Many beginners always succeed with our experienced Agents double their salary and increase. Now is the time to start. Address ELLWANGER & BARRY, Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N.Y.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife; book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 161 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

A FOOL

never wants to learn, but the
WISE MAN
reads that
OLD HONESTY
CHEWING TOBACCO
is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

Constipation
Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an
Effective Remedy
for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

PINEOLA : CREAM : BALSAM
is excellent for all throat inflammations and for asthma. Consumptives will invariably derive benefit from its use, as it quickly loosens the cough, enders expectoration easy, assisting nature in restoring wasted tissues. There is a large percentage of those who suppose their cases to be consumption who are only suffering from a chronic cold or deep seated cough, often aggravated by catarrh. For catarrh use Ely's Cream Balm. Both remedies are pleasant to use. Cream Balm, 50c. per bottle: Pineola Balsam, 25c. at Druggists. In quantities of $2 50 will deliver on receipt of amount.

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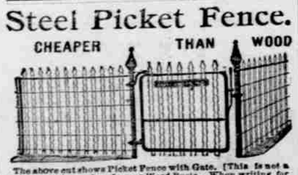
CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This fence netting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture heavy Iron Fencing, Crestings, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.
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201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.
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HIDDEN TREASURES.

A Golden Cavern in the Mountains of Utah.

The Strange Story of a Convicted Wife-Murderer Who Was Executed at Salt Lake City Taking the Secret with Him.

Many stories are told in the east about great hidden treasures in the mountains of the west. In some instances those wild remarks are but the imagination of thoughtless brains, while in many cases the stories are true. The west is filled with treasure vaults whose gold and silver deposits are numerous, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. Old Spanish residences, now going to decay, contain secret rooms lined with gold and filled with precious stones and rich jewels. The mountains contain dark canyons where mines of fabulous wealth have lain dormant for ages. The humblest sheep-herder or range rider may accidentally discover the greatest mineral deposit ever known, and the most timid explorer may find the treasured wealth of a French millionaire stored away in the caverns of the old dwellings.

Utah was once Mexican property, and its fertile valleys were peopled by a wealthy class of men. The old cliff-dwellers of the Colorado left most valuable homes containing gold and silver bathtubs, vases and ornaments, while the workings of miners living a century ago show the vast wealth taken from the old arastras and sluice boxes. A strange story of fabulous wealth was related by Enoch Davis, a wife-murderer recently executed in Salt Lake City. He found the most wonderful mines ever seen by man, and exhibited nuggets of gold from the sluice boxes which excited the curiosity of court officials so that his life was spared for many months.

About sixty miles from Salt Lake City is an unexplored section of the Utah Indian reservation. No man has ever penetrated the deep, dark canyons of this Indian land since the days of Brigham Young, the well-known Mormon leader. After the California gold excitement it is said a gentleman named George Knowles came from the diggings of the Golden state and settled in Utah. He agreed with the president of the Mormon church to give him his weight in gold for one of the numerous women of the Young harem. The proposition was accepted and Knowles was given six weeks in which to produce the gold.

Knowles, with a son about fourteen years of age, started from the Mormon Mecca Monday morning and within two weeks returned with eighty-five pounds of gold nuggets. Young accepted the money, but swore his slave to absolute secrecy as to where the gold was obtained. At that time the church people were opposed to the opening of mines, and no man was permitted to prospect in the territory. The old man Knowles lived and died in Salt Lake City with visions of wealth haunting his deathbed, but he never returned to the secret mines.

In after years the son determined to disobey the orders of the church and seek the gold fields he had seen in his youth. He was accompanied by Enoch Davis, the wife murderer. One dark night in the month of June the prospectors dropped down from the high sandy mesas into the gold-lined cavern. Here they found thousands of nuggets with the mountain waters flowing over them. Every pocket and knapsack were filled with the valuable treasures. When morning dawned they were met at the summit of the canyon by a band of Indians. The red men fired and Knowles dropped dead. Davis feigned death and fell to the bottom of the cavern. The Indians could not get down the bluffs, and the white man lay there in an apparent state of death until nightfall, when he arose, and after two or three days succeeded in escaping from the savages.

When Davis escaped he made his way to Vernal, a wild frontier town near the Indian reservation. In this village he took up his abode, expecting some day to be enabled to return to the fields of wealth. He married and settled down to the duties of a home life as the village blacksmith. His mind became troubled, he resorted to drink, and at last in a fit of jealous despondency killed his wife and buried her in a potato pit near the house. The crime was discovered within a day and Davis was arrested and imprisoned on the charge of murdering his wife.

In the prison all the nightmare of golden treasures haunted the doomed prisoner. He drew a map of the country and presented it with the facts to the court officials as a ransom for his liberty. Many thousands of dollars have since been expended in seeking this famous gulch, but nothing has been found. Davis, after repeated postponements, was finally convicted and shot without again realizing the fulfillment of his dreams. The lost gulch is yet a subject of much thought and prospectors seek the place as soon as the winter's snow melts from the mountain slopes.

Lace from Bark.

The department of agriculture, forestry division, Washington, has a collection of rare trees and plants only second to that belonging to the famous Kew gardens, London. A recent addition to this dendrological museum is a "lace bark tree" from Jamaica. The inner bark of this queer tree is composed of many layers of fine and intricately-woven fibers which interlock with each other in all directions. Caps, ruffles, and even complete suits of this curious vegetable lace have been made. It bears washing with common laundry soap, and when bleached in the sun acquires a degree of whiteness seldom excelled by artificial laces made of cotton, linen and silk. This intricate web of this unique bark makes it compare favorably to the last mentioned productions for both beauty and durability.

Quick Retort of a Carpenter.

A carpenter sent to make some repairs in a private house entered the apartment of the lady of the house with his apprentice. "Mary," the lady called to her servant, "see that my jewel case is locked at once." The carpenter understood. He removed his watch and chain from his vest with a significant air and gave them to his apprentice. "John," he said, "take these right back to the shop. It seems that the house isn't safe!"

REPTILIAN GRATITUDE.

A Snake That Believed That One Good Turn Deserves Another.

A professor of entomology in the state university was searching the Berkeley hills for rare insects when he heard the blood-curdling rattle of a snake and found a big diamond backed pinioned beneath a large stone. He got a stick to kill the snake, says a veracious Californian, and then decided to release it first to see what it would do. He approached cautiously, and the snake watched him closely, but manifested no hostility. He rolled the stone off it, and instead of coiling and striking at him, as he expected, it stretched itself, twisted its tail a few times and crawled slowly toward him. He put out the stick he carried, but the snake rubbed against it and twisted around it tenderly. The professor decided not to kill it, and started on up the trail. He was surprised to see the snake following along, and when he stuck one of his heavy cowhide boots out it rubbed gently against it. After considerable trouble he gave the snake the slip and returned with his bugs.

The next year the professor was up on the hills after some more specimens when he heard a great rattling, and just ahead of him in the trail he saw a big rattler. It was not coiled and evidently was not angry. He looked at it closely and noticed a scar on its back. Then he counted its rattles and decided that it was the snake he had rescued the year before. It seemed overjoyed to see him and wagged its tail like a dog, making a terrific rattling. The snake followed the professor about so closely that he could not get rid of it, and it became a pet in his bachelor apartments. It used to coil itself at the foot of his bed and sleep there.

The professor's friends warned him that the snake would kill him or some one else, but he had every confidence in it. One night he heard a terrible racket downstairs in the dining-room. He struck a light and his pet was missing. Then he ran downstairs and found the snake in the dining-room coiled around a burglar. It was holding him with a viselike grip, while it had its tail out the window rattling for a policeman.

EXPERIENCES OF PRISON LIFE.

Impressions Recorded by One Who Ought to Know.

The most important epochs in the life of a convict are the time of his arrival and the moment of his departure from prison, writes "Debsy," in the Stillwater Prison Mirror. Of the first I can speak intelligently, of the latter from fancy only. When the iron door of his six-by-four cell is shut and locked upon him and he is left free to explore his new home, the first sensation is one of relief. Now it is all over. He has found the end. He can fall no lower, and, as I say, there is a certain feeling of relief in that very thought.

Strange as it may seem, his mind is, to a certain extent, at rest. The long strain of the trial, the tedious days and weeks of uncertainty and waiting are ended, and he knows and can look forward to a definite life. He knows, too, that here he will be carefully watched and guarded, that "no thieves break in and steal," "that no moss will grow under his footsteps," and that he will be expected to "stir" about and make himself useful at whatever industry he may be employed. There are no drones in this hive; and if he does not do his "bit" at hard labor it will not be his fault. The first few days in his new environment are apt to pass quickly enough (providing he be a novice), for everything is so weird and strange in his new life, and the sounds and signals are so foreign to his other life that he has no time nor breath to spare in idle regrets and murmurs.

But then comes the reaction; he has settled down to his mutton, and now comes the strain. The deadly monotony and sameness of it all, day in and day out, drag and wear on the mind and body, and then, if the system be not in the finest physical condition, the defect shows itself, and, hastened by the rigid diet, the doctor will now enter his life. Passing this stage successfully, the days and weeks glide by, and the months literally turn to years, and soon he is beginning to count on his fingers the months to his discharge.

A CHOICE COLLECTION.

Up to the end of last year Philadelphia's new city hall had cost $15,699,964.67, and it is not quite finished yet.

It is said that on every voyage of a first-class ocean steamer about 3,000 pieces of glassware and crockery are broken.

THE Iowa supreme court has decided that stockholders of a corporation have a right to examine the records at any time.

THE supply of cedar, from which lead pencils are made, is almost exhausted in Europe. Now the manufacturers are turning to California for their lumber, and find the sequoia (the big tree of that state) just as serviceable as cedar.

THE Sailor's Snug Harbor at Staten Island, N. Y., has accommodations for 1,000 inmates. It is for the care of aged and infirm seamen. Those of foreign birth must have served five years under the American flag to entitle them to admission.

CITIZENS of Taylorsville, Ky., are jubilating over the good work of a reform commission of street cleaning in successfully clearing the streets of hogs, which have been permitted by former administrations to pasture at large in the highways of the town.

JOHN WHITE, a clerk in the post office at New Brunswick, N. J., put his hand in a mail pouch just received from Washington, and it came in contact with "something alive and warm." It was a healthy cat, evidently put there by a practical joker.

Alexander Had a Tender Heart.

Two weeks before the sickness of the czar of Russia took a turn for the worse, Miss Strutton, his former governess, died in the winter palace at St. Petersburg. Miss Strusten, who was an English woman, loved Alexander Romanoff as dearly as though he had been her son. The emperor and his two brothers attended the funeral, following the hearse on foot from the palace to the English cemetery, almost two miles apart. His majesty and the two grand dukes had carried the coffin from the deathroom to the hearse. When the body was lowered into the grave the czar, it is said, wept like a child.

CREDIT IS CAPITAL.

It Served a Wall Street Broker in Good Stead on One Occasion.

I know in this city a southerner who has made his way from nothing to a comfortable fortune, says a writer in the New York Press. He was a broker in Wall street, plodding slowly along, living from hand to mouth, with a bank account that sometimes grew as big as eight hundred dollars. He met a capitalist who wanted certain bonds, and, with a commission of twenty-five hundred dollars in view, he undertook to deliver them. He knew an old bondholder who had them, and his purpose was to get them without causing a sudden rise in their value. The old fellow named his price, which was entirely satisfactory. The amount was twenty-five thousand dollars for the lot. My friend went to his office, drew a check for that sum and handed it over.

"Perhaps you know that it is customary in transactions of this kind to give a certified check," said the bondholder.

This was a stunning blow, almost a knockout, for a man with a bank account of never more than eight hundred dollars, but my friend, begging the old fellow's pardon for the oversight, started to get the proper certification. He went straight to the cashier of his bank and stated the whole case to him, explaining that he was to deliver the bonds within two hours and make his profit of twenty-five hundred dollars.

"It is an unusual request," the cashier said, with a smile of half pity for the ignorance of his customer.

"I know it," said the broker, "but I cannot lose this chance of making two thousand five hundred dollars. You know I am honest. I have been a depositor here for two or three years, and have never before asked a favor. I will have the cash here within two hours to make good the check, or will deposit the collateral."

The cashier hesitated. He who hesitates is lost. He looked the broker straight in the eye and said:

"I will do it. I know you are an honest man."

With a certified check for twenty-five thousand dollars, the southerner returned for the bonds, much to the amazement of the old bondholder, who declared that if he had known his ability to produce a certified check for that amount he would not have offered the bonds at all. He offered them as a bluff. But the bluff being called he had to yield. Inside of an hour and a half the bonds were delivered to the capitalist, and a check for twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars was deposited at the bank.

My friend has had many transactions with the old bondholder since then, and he never fails to ask: "Do you want a certified check?" to which the reply is: "Never mind about it; I'll take any sort of check you give me."

MINKS IN AN ODD BATTLE.

They Fought Each Other Viciously and Vociferously, in the Water and Out.

An unusual battle was witnessed at Greenwood lake one day recently by Mr. Silas Pickering, of Newark, and old Steve Garrison, the veteran guide. Steve was rowing and Si was catching frogs for bass along the east shore of the lake, says the New York Sun. Suddenly they heard a remarkable squealing, and as they turned a point of rocks they saw on the shore of a little cove two full-grown minks in combat. The usually shy animals were so busy that they paid no attention to the approach of the boat, and Steve rowed up to within fifteen feet of them.

The minks seemed each to be fighting for a throathold, and the way they sparred and scratched was highly interesting. Finally one caught the other by the back, and they rolled from the rock into the water, where they continued to fight as energetically as on the shore.

Soon they emerged, separately, but clinched as soon as they were on the rock, and the fight waged sharper than ever. Both minks squealed almost continuously as they snapped and scratched at each other.

Three times they pitched from the sloping rock into the water and crawled out to renew the fight ashore, but after another such dip only one came up. The other had evidently tired of the fight and sneaked away under water. The victor crept upon the rock and, not seeing his adversary, began to strut and fro as if much pleased with himself. Suddenly he caught sight of Pickering's striped blazer and fled into the bushes.

FUNERALS HIS HOBBY.

United States Treasury Has a Man Who Enjoys Them Exceedingly.

In one of the bureaus of the treasury department is a man who has a chronic desire to help bury people and attend funerals. The other day, says the Washington Post, he was transferred to a new division. The first day he asked his chief for leave of absence during the afternoon.

"What for?" asked the chief.

"I want to attend the funeral of Capt. Smith."

The chief had hardly got acquainted with the man and sent him upstairs to his former chief to ask if he had been permanently transferred to his division. The man came back with the announcement that he had been transferred, and he was excused for the afternoon. The same day this chief met the chief of the division where he had formerly been employed.

"Why did you send the man to me to inquire if he had been transferred?"

"He asked for leave of absence, and I wanted to find out whether I had any authority over him," was the reply.

"Did he want to attend a funeral?"

"Yes."

"I knew it," said the other. "It's a regular thing with him—a disease. He has a mania for attending funerals."

American Extravagance.

It is no wonder that foreigners scoff at the whims of rich Americans when one hears of such a piece of extravagance as is here related: Lady Beresford, formerly the duchess of Marlborough, who was born here in the United States and who married a rich New Yorker, who afterward died, has just returned from a trip with her husband, Lord Beresford. They traveled away off alone into Norway, paid four thousand dollars for a fishing stream and caught two fish. As it is Lady Beresford's money, the devotion must be on her side of the house.

CRUSHED THE SNEERER.

An American Teacher Who Was Very Patriotic.

An Italian gentleman whom I met while traveling disclosed a most depraved inappreciation of the wonderful vastness of the United States, says a writer in Scribner's.

He spoke English very well, for he had been many years in London, and, as we were enjoying the sea-coast view between Pisa and Via Reggio, he asked politely whether I was not an American from "the states." On learning that I was he begged me to tell him something of our government.

"You have a president of the country, the whole states, is it not?" he inquired earnestly.

I nodded assent.

"Va bene! If a man kills—murders, you understand—who tries him, the federal or state courts?"

"The state courts," I replied, "unless it is a case of treason."

"If he is convicted, who can pardon him—the president, of course?" he asked, with calm assurance, and a slight emphasis on the "of course."

"No, indeed; the murderer is tried in the state courts; he can be pardoned only by the state board of pardons, if there is one, or by the state's chief officer—the governor. The president has nothing to do with it."

"Well!" flashed my companion, sarcastically, "in Italy the governor of a little petty province has not the pardoning power."

"Sir!" I thundered, now thoroughly angry, "Italy will go twice into the petty province of Texas."

It was very naughty to get angry, and especially with such a politely sarcastic little Italian. I know it. But who could sit still and hear the sheer, unapproachable — nay, glorious — immensity of our country assailed without getting angry? No one except the audacious fop, who every now and then annoys us with a brazen assertion that bigness is, after all, not such a virtue.

THE PERSIAN HORSE.

An Animal That Is Very Fond of Being Petted.

Persian horses are to be admired and liked. Their beauty is a source of constant enjoyment, and they are almost invariably gentle and docile. It is in vain to form any resolution against making a pet of any one of them, writes Mrs. Bishop in "Journeys in Persia." My new acquisition, Boy, insists on being petted, and his enticing ways are irresistible. He is always tethered in front of my tent with a rope long enough to give him considerable liberty, and he took advantage of it the very first day to come into the tent and make it apparent that he wanted me to divide a lemon with him. Grapes were his preference; then came cucumbers, bread and biscuits. Finally he drank milk out of a soup plate. He comes up to me and puts down his head to have his ears rubbed, and if I do not attend to him at once, or if I cease attending to him, he gives me a gentle but admonitory thump. I dine outside the tent, and he is tied to my chair and waits with wonderful patience for the odds and ends, only occasionally rubbing his nose against my face to remind he is there. A friendly snuffle is the only sound he makes. He does not know how to fight, or that teeth and heels are for any other uses than eating and and walking. He is really the gentlest and most docile of his race. The point at which he draws the line is being led. Then he draws back, and a mulish look comes into his sweet eyes. But he follows like a dog, and when I walk he is always with me. He comes when I call him, stops when I do, accompanies me when I leave the road in search of flowers, and usually puts his head on my shoulder or under my arm. To him I am an embodiment of melons, cucumbers, grapes, peaches, biscuits and sugar, with a good deal of petting and ear-rubbing thrown in.

A CLOSE TRADE.

An Instance of "Nearness" That Is Hard to Beat.

The close-fisted and the absent-minded serve a similar use—they amuse their neighbors. The New York Sun quotes a man from the rural districts as telling a story of a Mr. Putterby, an old-time townsman of his, whose reputation for "nearness" was evidently well deserved. Locally he was thought to be almost a prodigy in this respect, but no story of this kind is so good but that another can be found to beat it.

One of the coins current in those days was the old Spanish silver-piece, which passed for twelve and a half cents, and was variously called "ninepence," "York shilling" and "bit." It was the existence of this coin that enabled Mr. Putterby to achieve his crowning triumph in the way of a close trade.

A farm-boy came along one day with a load of pumpkins, which he was peddling about the village at a cent apiece. Mr. Putterby looked at them, concluded to buy, but wanted only half a pumpkin.

"But a whole one is only a cent," said the boy. "How are you going to pay me for half a one?"

"Easiest thing in the world," said Mr. Putterby.

The pumpkin was cut, he took one-half under his arm, and handed the boy a shilling.

"Now give me the twelve cents change," he said; and taking the twelve coppers from the astonished boy, he walked away with his purchase.

Unhappy Comparison.

Ministers cannot be "answered back" on Sunday, but on week days, sometimes, the case is different.

"Why weren't you at the kirk on Sunday?" asked a Scotch preacher of one of his parishioners.

"I was at Mr. Dunlop's kirk," was the answer.

"I don't like your running about to strange kirks in that way. Not that I object to your hearing Mr. Dunlop, but I'm sure you widna like your sheep straying away into strange pastures."

"I widna care a grain, sir, if it was better grass," said the parishioner.

Queer Comment by a Bishop.

Of Bishop Bathurst, who was a great whist player, it is related that on hearing the name of a new appointment in the chapter there was wrung from him the passionate exclamation: "I have served the whigs all my life and now they send me down a canon who doesn't know clubs from spades!"

SCHOOL OF DECORUM.

Influence of the Fine Manners of the Olden Time.

In the days of our grandmothers, William of Wykeham's motto, "Manners maketh Manne," was held to apply to the making of woman. In those days the imperative law of a lady's inner life and outer habits was expressed by one word, "decorum." That musical word ruled every movement of her body, and dictated the training each girl should receive to qualify her for what Miss Cobbe calls "the great Art of Society."

It did not beget, says Youth's Companion, the abrupt-speaking, courtesy-neglecting, slouching, slangy young "damosel," who is never called "blessed." But it did produce women gifted with old-fashioned suavity, and with the tact which made everybody in a company, even the humblest, happy and at ease. Miss Cobbe, in her "Life," describes a trivial incident which illustrates the kind of influence exercised by women of the old school of "decorum."

A hale, genial young fellow, named Warburton, was a guest at the house of Miss Cobbe's father. One rainy day he was prompted by a silly young lady guest to sing several comic songs in the drawing-room, the point of the jokes being the advances of women to men.

Miss Cobbe's mother, old and feeble, after listening quietly for a time, slowly rose from her sofa, walked painfully across the room, and leaning over the piano said in her gentle way a few strong words of remonstrance.

She could not bear, she said, that men should ridicule women. Respect and chivalrous feeling for them, even when they were foolish and ill-advised, were the part, she thought, of a generous man. She would beg Mr. Warburton to choose some other songs for his fine voice.

All this was done so gently, with her sweet, kind smile, that no one could take offense. Mr. Warburton was far from doing so. He was touched with tender reverence for his aged monitress, and rising hastily from the piano made the frankest apologies, which were instantly accepted.

The incident illustrates the kind of influence exercised by the fine manners of women of the old school. But it is also an illustration of Emerson's aphoristic sentence: "Fine manners need the support of fine manners in others." If Mr. Warburton had been an ill-mannered "cad," he would have left the piano in a huff; but being a gentleman of the old school he received the merited rebuke with reverential humility.

AMERICAN STREET RAILWAYS.

Immense Sums Invested in These Means of Urban Transportation.

The great importance of the street railway interests of this country is shown in a striking manner by some of the statistics. While incomplete, says the Street Railway Journal, the figures are believed to be accurate within 5 per cent, and are surprising in many respects. New York has the greatest amount of track, 1,583 miles, or more than in all New England. Pennsylvania comes next, with 1,422 miles; then Ohio, with 1,077 miles, Massachusetts, with 969 miles and Illinois with 951 miles. The order of states arranged with regard to the number of cars is: New York, 9,115; Illinois, 5,815; Pennsylvania, 4,021; Massachusetts, 3,896, and Ohio 3,254. But this order is entirely changed when the number of cars per mile of track is taken into consideration, for on this basis of arrangement the District of Columbia heads the list with 6.49, followed by Illinois with 6.12, New York with 5.76, Missouri with 4.64 and Massachusetts with 4.02. The greatest capitalization per mile of track is $111,200 in New York. It is $81,790 in Pennsylvania $73,400 in Rhode Island, $69,600 in Illinois and $68,100 in Louisiana. The funded debt per mile of track is largest in New York, where it is $96,700, and other high figures are $72,400 in Rhode Island, $61,800 in New Jersey, $58,800 in Illinois and $51,600 in both Missouri and Maryland. The total capital liabilities per mile of track are $207,100 in New York, $146,800 in Rhode Island, $129,400 in New Jersey, $128,500 in Illinois, $116,700 in Missouri and $113,400 in Louisiana. The banner states in the matter of capitalization are Mississippi, Florida, South Dakota and New Hampshire, whose combined capital stock and funded debt amount to less than $16,000 per mile of track, while enormously valuable metropolitan properties in New York naturally gave that state its leading position.

His Little Mistake.

A young farmer who had great conceit, little discretion and scarcely any education presented himself at a Presbyterian conference and said he wished to be ordained as a preacher. "I ain't had any great learnin'," he said, frankly, "but I reckon I'm called to preach. I've had a vision three nights runnin'; that's why I'm here." "What was your vision?" inquired one of the elders. "Well," said the young man, "I dreamt I see a big, round ring in the sky, and in the middle of it was two great letters—P. C. I knew that meant Presbyterian conference, and here I am." There was an uncomfortable pause, which was broken by an elder who knew the young man and was well acquainted with the poverty of his family and the neglected condition of the farm in which his father had taken such pride. "I haven't any gift at reading visions," said the old man, gravely, "but I'd like to put it to my young friend whether he doesn't think it's possible those two letters may have stood for 'Plant corn?'" Fortunately this version was accepted by the applicant.

Crafty Birds.

Woodpeckers in the mountains of Southern California do cabinet work that cannot be equaled by the most skilled artisan. The crafty birds gather acorns, drill holes in the trunks of pine trees, into which they fit the nuts so closely and snugly that squirrels are unable to pull them out. Hundreds of these nuts are implanted in a single tree trunk. The question has arisen as to how the birds get the acorns out, if a squirrel cannot remove one of the implantations. It is discovered that, after being implanted, a worm appears in the acorn, and it is for the purpose of getting this worm later on that the crafty bird stores away acorns in this unique manner.

TURNING THE TABLES.

The Unfortunate Lawyer and His Client, the Nurse.

The extent to which lawyers can exercise their imagination when pleading in behalf of their clients is almost beyond belief; but sometimes the tables are turned in a very unexpected fashion.

On one occasion, says the Florida Times-Union, Mr. Swan was engaged in presenting the case of a woman who petitioned the court to grant her a judicial separation from her husband, a workingman, and urged that as she was in extreme poverty she was entitled to alimony according to her husband's means.

With a voice broken in its pathos the lawyer dilated on the imperative necessity of the case, declaring that his client was utterly destitute, not having a mattress to lie upon, and not possessing the means to purchase a crust of bread.

When the evidence had been heard the judge, who well knew the counsel's unlimited powers of exaggeration, turned to the appellant and addressed to her a few questions.

"Have you, then, no occupation?"

"Yes, my lord; I am a nurse," was the incautious reply.

"And where are you employed?"

"I am at Mr. Swan's," she unwittingly rejoined, pointing to her counsel.

It was with the greatest difficulty that the judge refrained from joining in the shout of laughter with which this admission was hailed.

FEMININE VANITY.

It Crops Out Even Among Women Behind the Bars.

Vanity in a female prisoner would be merely laughable if it were not so sad to behold. It is, however, the one touch of nature which proves the human kinship, and there is perhaps some hope for even these poor, degraded creatures, if they are thus swayed by such harmless emotions. Prison matrons, says the North American Review, would be perpetually busy if they checked every attempt made by their charges to adopt the last fashionable coiffure. "Fringes" are "going out," perhaps, in general society, but they are still amazingly popular in prison. Criminals will trim their hair as it pleases them, and the wisest disciplinarian affects to see nothing of the fringe. In the same way, once, when chignons were in vogue, the female felt happy whose locks escaped the prison scissors and were long enough to fold over a pad of oakum. The ingenuity, again, with which some prisoners will twist and turn their unbecoming uniform into some faint notion of the fashions of the day might have earned these artists good wages in a dressmaker's atelier. I have seen panniers counterfeited and polonaises, skirts draped or tied back, dress improvers manufactured out of whalebones or horse hair; no doubt when the present "bell" skirt is fading out of fashion it will be largely patronized in jail. The craze for personal adornment leads women to skim the grease off their scanty allowance of soup, with which they plaster their hair. I once knew an aged prisoner who was caught scraping the dust from the red brick cell wall to serve her as rouge.

ARMOR IN MODERN USE.

English Officers in Foreign Service to Protect Themselves.

In discussing the modern use of armor by officers and men in the foreign "little wars" of to-day, an English accoutrement maker, as reported by London Tid-Bits, says: "I give you my assurance that an immense number of the officers of our army and navy who go on foreign service, especially when one of our 'little wars' is expected, provide themselves with certain easily recognized protections.

"These, mind you, are well-known articles of trade to the service. The commonest and most usual type of these protections consists of fine but beautifully tempered single chains, inclosed in in soft leather, which run along the shoulders, down the outer side of the arms and over certain parts of the body. These can either be sewn into a particular tunic or they can be adjusted separately and put on like harness. The most valuable of all chains, in connection with accoutrements, are those which guard the head, and in cases where the regulation cap or helmet is not sufficiently protected in this way, specially made chains are sewn inside the same and covered by the lining."

POWER OF A PIANIST.

Pounds of Strength Expended in Striking a Note Heavily.

It requires more force to sound a note gently on a piano than to lift the lid of a kettle. A German composer has figured that the minimum pressure of the finger playing pianissimo is equal to one hundred and ten grams—a quarter of a pound. Few kettle lids weigh more than two ounces, says the Musical Courier.

The German's calculations are easy to verify if one takes a small handful of coins and piles them on a key of the piano. When a sufficient quantity is piled on to make a note sound they may then be weighed and these figures will be found to be true.

If the pianist is playing fortissimo a much greater force is needed. At times a force of six pounds is thrown upon a single key to produce a solitary effect. With chords the force is generally spread over the various notes sounded simultaneously, though a greater output of force is undoubtedly expended. This is what gives pianists the wonderful strength in their fingers so often commented on. A story used to be told of Paderewski that he could crack a pane of French plate glass half an inch thick merely by placing one hand upon it, as if upon a piano keyboard, and striking sharply with his middle finger.

Chopin's last study in C minor has a passage which takes two minutes and five seconds to play. The total pressure brought to bear on this, it is estimated, is equal to three full tons. The average "tonnage" of an hour's piano playing of Chopin's music varies from twelve to eighty-four tons.

Germans in Chili.

Forty years ago a German built his hut on the shore of Lake Llanquihue in Chili. To-day there is a colony of three hundred Germans at this place, and they are entertained every night by fireworks on the volcano Calbuco, which has been in activity for a year and a half.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 4, 1895.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For State Treasurer,
BENJAMIN F. MYERS, of Harrisburg.
For Judges of Superior Court,
HARMON YERKES, of Bucks county.
PETER P. SMITH, Lackawanna county.
J. S. MOOREHEAD, of Westmoreland county.
C. H. NOYES, of Warren county.
OLIVER P. BECHTEL, of Schuylkill county.
CHRISTOPHER MAGEE, of Allegheny county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Prothonotary,
WILLIAM O'BRIEN, of Johnstown.
For Register and Recorder,
D. A. McGOUGH, of Ebensburg.
For District Attorney,
JAMES M. WALTERS, of Johnstown.
For Poor Director,
JOHN O'HARA, of Munster township.
For Coroner,
Dr. WILLIAM RAUCH, of Johnstown.
For Surveyor,
S. W. MILLER, of Johnstown.

EX GOVERNOR FLOWER says the Democratic state ticket will be elected in New York by 50,000 majority.

THE great French Chemist, Professor Louis Pasteur, died in Paris, on the 28th ult., aged 72 years. He will be noted in history as the discoverer of the cure for hydrophobia.

DOLLIE BELNAP, of Seymour, Ind., aged 12, has been convicted of manslaughter. She administered rat poison to Fleming Sarver and wife, from the effects of which Sarver died. The girl will be sent to a reform school until she is 21.

THE Madison-Adair county, Ia., Republican conference, for the nomination of a state senator, in a deadlock since August 27, has ended on the 3,076th ballot. The defeated candidate charges one of his conferees with having sold him out.

READERS of some Republican newspapers may be surprised to hear from the president of the Southern Pacific that "the general condition of the railways and of the country is better than it has been for years." If the recognition of such facts could be postponed for eighteen months Mr. McKinley's misery-loving admirers in Ohio might be happy again. But it is impossible, and all hope of a calamity campaign might as well be abandoned.

REPUBLICAN organs have conveniently forgotten a good deal of comparatively recent Pennsylvania political history. Not one of them now seems to have any recollection of the time when Senator Quay stood charged with very grave offenses; and his present saintly reform pretensions appear to be accepted even by some of the late Hastings rooters with perfect gravity. But it is yet problematic whether the people at large have forgotten the slimy past. Perhaps they will be heard next November.

THE tariff of 1894 is an imperfect measure. It is not fairly comparable with the tariff of 1846; but, like that tariff, it is the beginning of the movement toward unembarrassed trade. It marks the second time in the history of the country when the friends of the protective system have been fought to a standstill. It may be possible that the Republicans will nominate William McKinley and try if they cannot once more fool the people with the old cry; but it is doubtful. They hesitate, and they are more than likely to imitate the policy of the Whigs in 1852 and lay away "protection" among the broken china of politics.

THE Pittsburg *Dispatch*, Republican, says: For the first time in many months the national treasury shows a balance on the right side of the ledger. During the month of September treasury receipts exceeded expenditures by $3,175,040, and there is rejoicing at Washington and some other places. Aside from politics the condition at the beginning of October is encouraging. Gold exports need not be seriously feared as a drain upon the reserve since receipts and expenditures have about reached a balance. The real drain was due to the policy of the treasury department in passing out legal tenders, exchanged for gold, to meet the expenditures ordered by congress.

THE grand jury of the District of Columbia on Monday concluded their labors in a somewhat startling manner by officially submitting to the court a written recommendation for the establishment of a whipping post for the punishment of wife beaters and petty thieves. The recommendation was submitted by the foreman and was signed by him and fifteen other members of the grand jury. In directing the clerk to file the paper, Judge Bradley said that he agreed that the establishment of a whipping post there would be productive of good results in some instances, but the courts could not establish it, hence congress should be applied to, and he advised the members of the grand jury to move in that direction.

CHAIRMAN WRIGHT has opened up the state headquarters in rooms 22 and 24 Girard hotel, Philadelphia. A formal opening occurred on Thursday, October 3, when the apartments were especially decorated in honor of the nominee for state treasurer, Benjamin F. Meyers, and the six nominees for the superior court, Judge Harmon Yerkes, O. P. Bechtel, Charles H. Noyes, and Christopher Magee, ex-Judge P. P. Smith and James S. Moorehead. All these gentlemen were at the headquarters in order to be formally notified of their nomination at 2 o'clock A. M. The committee to notify them was composed of Convention Chairman John M. Garman and other officers of the state executive committee, headed by Chairman Wright and the division chairmen.

AS EVIDENCE of the danger threatening American manufacturers and workingmen by agitation against the new tariff the official returns of trade show that the imports of free raw materials of industry in the seven months ended in July amounted in value to $109,122,554, against $62,277,398 in the corresponding period of 1894. This enormous increase in the imports of the crude materials of manufactures bears emphatic testimony to the rapid growth of American industries in the new era of freedom that is opened to them. Raw material consists of wool, hides, hemp, flax, jute, wood and many other articles which cannot be obtained in sufficient abundance in this country. When duties are imposed on them as in the McKinley tariff their importation is obstructed and American manufactures consequently languish.

While the threats of the protectionists are mainly directed against free wool, their policy threatens all free raw materials. There is as much reason for imposing high protective duties on hides, skins, flax, hemp, lumber, etc., as on wool. It is not forgotten that when the McKinley tariff was in the committee on ways and means a majority of the committee proposed to put a protective duty on hides. The chief influnce in favor of this duty was the great dressed beef combination in Chicago. But the angry protests of the tanners throughout the country and of the shoemakers in Massachusetts drove the Republicans in congress from their purpose. Hides were struck out of the bill, and the duties on wool were heavily increased. Many sincere protectionists deplored the inconsistency of a measure that taxed the raw materials of the woolen manufactures and give the manufacturers of leather goods their materials free. These honest protectionists could not see why the hide of an ox should not be taxed, as well as the wool of a sheep.

If the Republicans obtain sufficient power to re-act the wool duties, as they threaten a consistent policy will require them to restore the duties on hides, flax, hemp, lumber and all other raw materials of American industries. Every protectionist must recognize that it is rank injustice to single out the raw material of the woolen manufacturers and exempt the rest from taxation. Besides, as long as any raw materials remain free they are object lessons teaching the benefits of free trade. While free wool is openly threatened, all other free raw materials are covertly menaced in the Republican attacks on the new tariff. Should the followers of Governor McKinley and ex-speaker Reed ever be permitted to frame another tariff bill they will slash the free list as it never was slashed before. The manufacturers and workingmen of the country whose materials are wool, flax, hemp, jute, hides, wood, dye stuffs, chemicals, etc., cannot too earnestly consider the inevitable consequences of a high tariff reaction. It must be evident to these and to all other manufacturers that their interest in maintaining the industrial price is bound up with the policy of the Democratic party.

SEVERAL Republican contempories, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, with the results of the campaign of last year still buzzing in their ears, incline themselves to believe, that the result of the election this year is a foregone conclusion that it was "useless to nominate Democrats," and all the rest of the stuff often poured out before a presumably interested public. There was a time when it was taken as readily as arguments, facts and figures, but that time has departed.

There will never again, in this state, be a majority given a Republican candidate like that cast for Hastings last year. It was larger than anybody deemed it would be, but what of that? It has no connection with the campaign of this year. The big majority for the Republican ticket of last year has done the people not a particle of good. Not one promise, indirectly made to the people last year—none being made directly—has been kept. The Standard Oil company got from the legislature and the administration exactly what Democrats for years prevented it getting. The apportionment which the constitution declares shall be made every ten years was delayed by the present leader of the Republican party for reasons which fit in well with his astigmatic preception of better politics. The legislative halls were turned into a market for votes, where any man could buy any kind of legislation and where legislation was bought with the most shameless disregard of public decency. The most disgraceful deals and dickers have been made on all sides, from high to low, for pecuniary and political profit ever since the present administration took up the cares and emoluments of office.

The majority of last year indicates nothing. And if it did, the platform of Quay would rob it of all its meaning, showing as this does that the party is in need of self-reformation. The people know very well that no party will reform itself. The people must do this. Hence the men who say it was useless to nominate a Democratic ticket speak hollow words. Republicans are disgusted with the recent legislature and with the leadership which made the recent fight for chairmanships the most desperate affair ever known in Pennsylvania politics. Without discussing the merits of platforms, the chances ought to be favorable to Democratic nominees this year.

DEMOCRATS outside of New York are deeply interested in the affairs of the party in that city. Without the electoral vote of the Empire State they cannot hope to elect their candidate for the presidency. The state cannot be carried without the full vote of New York city, and such a vote cannot be available unless harmonious action and harmonious counsel prevail. We have a right, therefore, to insist that the Democrats of New York shall not jeopardize the success of the party by making combinations with its enemies upon sentimental grounds,

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 28th, 1895. Secretary Olney very naturally declines to discuss the possibilities of an early change in the attitude of government towards the Cuban revolutionists; but recent happenings have made it a subject of discussion among those Democrats who may express their opinion without a breach of international etiquette or of diplomatic usage, and they are doing it. Among the things which indicate the drift of Democratic sentiment outside of Washington is the frequency with which Democratic assemblages have of late been adopting resolutions in favor of free Cuba, the latest and most conspicuous instance being the New York state Democratic convention It was noted also with pleasure that Senator Gray, of Delaware, was instramental, as their chief counsel, in getting the Cubans recently arrested near Wilmington, Delaware, as filibusters, released. Of course it was in his capacity as a lawyer, and not as chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, that Senator Gray befriended those Cubans, but all the same it has been taken as a straw indicating much. It is argued that Senator Gray would not have become the counsel of those Cubans if he had not personally sympathized with them, and his relations with President Cleveland are such that he would hardly have engaged in the case, even though his personal sympathy had been with the accused men and the cause they represented, if he had not known the inclinations of the administration to lean the same way. A public meeting in favor of free Cuba is being talked up in Washington and will probably shortly be held. Many Democrats hope to see the administration act before the matter comes up in congress, as it is certain to do very early in the session

If proof were needed that the Harrison boom is dead it is furnished by the frequency with which Republicans of prominence who come to Washington give it a kick. The latest kicking was administered by Ex Senator Sabin, of Minn., who was once chairman of the Republican national committee. Mr. Sabin says he thinks Harrison ceased to be a presidential possibility the moment it was certain that Quay and Platt would control the Pennsylvania and New York delegations to the Republican national convention. He also thinks that Reed is going to have a walkover for the nomination, or says he does.

According to those who are usually posted on inside Republican happenings, Mr. Foraker of Ohio, has with Governor McKinley's consent made a direct bid to win Boss Platt over to the support of McKinley's presidential aspirations. It is well known that Platt was in 1888 promised on behalf of Mr. Harrison that he should be secretary of the treasury, a place that Platt has been hankering after for many years, if he would support Harrison and he was elected. Mr. Harrison repudiated that promise, claiming that it was made without his knowledge or consent, and thereby made a lifetime enemy of Platt. Mr. Foraker has now made the same promise for Governor McKinley and has told Mr. Platt that McKinley would make it in person if Mr. Platt would agree to swing the New York delegation to McKinley after a complimentary vote is cast for Governor Morton, who is generally regarded as merely a brevet candidate for the nomination. Foraker will also before he returns to Ohio endeavor to make a deal whereby he can secure the support of Boss Quay for McKinley. Reed has been supposed to have a mortgage upon both Platt and Quay but they are very tricky individuals, and will both be found on the side of the candidate who offers them the most.

Ex-Representative Outhwaits, of Ohio, brings cheerful news from that state. He says: "I have been greatly surprised at the way in which the Democratic party in Ohio has rallied and got into fighting condition. There is none of the feeling that prevailed last fall in Ohio now among Democrats. They are a unit, and the gubernatorial campaign will be one of the hottest the state has known. The silver question has been put aside for the present by Ohio Democrats. I do not mean to say that silver men are giving up their fight for the white metal, but they have decided to lay aside every consideration that may interfere with a Democratic victory in the state. Next year they will come forward again. The party to-day is absolutely without a warring element to interefere with its making a strong fight." M.

Many Armenians Slain.

Washington, October 2.—Secretary of State Olney to-day received the following dispatch from United States Minister Terrell in Constantinople:

"Monday several hundred Armenians marched on the Porte, professedly to ask redress for grievances. The Patriarch tried to prevent it. A conflict occurred between the Armenians and the police. Probably about 60 Turks and Armenians were killed, among them a Turkish major. Many were wounded The Armenians carried pistols. Yesterday several more were killed. Last night there were 80 killed. Several hundred have been imprisoned.

"The Porte had notice of the demonstraion, which, it it is said, was organized by leaders of the Hunchagist revolutionists, whom they have captured. Much terror exists.

"I think the Porte will be able to restrain fanaticism"

Heroic Miss Thomas.

Philadelphia, October 2.—Bessie Thomas, a well-known young society lady of Lehigh valley, and sister of David H. Thomas, superintendent of the Thomas iron company, at Hokendauqua, to-day figured as a heroine in stopping a shooting affray. Two men, Frank Gallagher and John Davis, got into a fight over a lawsuit, when the latter drew a revolver and fired three shots at Gallagher. Just then Miss Thomas came driving along in her carriage. As Davis was about to fire the fourth shot she quickly alighted, and ordered him to give her the weapon. The would-be murderer promptly obeyed, and upon Miss Thomas's command the two men separated.

Towanda Storm Struck.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., September 27.—A terrific storm burst visited the town of Towanda yesterday afternoon, causing great excitement among the residents of the place. It come with a force of a cyclone, accompanied with severe thunder and lightning. Four horses were killed outright by a bolt and a number were stunned and badly injured. At the fair grounds many people were knocked down and all escaped injury but two men, who were seriously burned. Dozens of women fainted and it is miraculous that the striking bolt in the midst of hundreds of people should not have killed someone.

ILLNESS compelled Telegrapher George Israel to shoot and kill himself at Reynolds Station, near Tamaqua.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Peary Expedition.

New York, October 1.—Lieutenant Peary's colored servant—Matt Benson—and Prof. L. L. Dyche, of the Kansas State University, arrived from the Artic regions this morning on the steamship Sylvia.

Prof. Dyche, while reticent as to the details of the expedition, admitted that it had been a failure. He declared that Lieutenant Peary had not managed to forge much farther north than on his previous expedition.

He would not give any reason for the failure other than lack of food in Lieutenant Peary's camp. When driven back on his first attempt to reach the North Pole, Lieutenant Peary decided to press forward again in 1894.

He had buried food in the ice, but when he came to look for it he could not locate the cache. He was obliged to kill his dogs one by one and feed them to the others. Dyche says he and his party lived on walrus meat when they could get it.

The Professor states emphatically that the party would never have reached America had it not been that when just in the verge of starvation Peary and Henson found some musk oxen, and this saved their lives.

Professor Dyche told a number of interesting incidents about hunting walrus, meeting icebergs, and finding meteorites.

He brought back on the Sylvia about four thousand specimens of Artic flora and fauna. He also brought back six dogs. The specimens will be divided between the Museum of Natural History Central Park, and the Kansas University.

Mexico Wants Cuba.

New York, September 29.—A dispatch to the *World* from Mexico City says: "Cuba Mexicana" is already an immensely popular cry in this country. The excitement here over the insurrection on the island is growing and is fanned by that large section of the press that advocates the annexation of Cuba to Mexico. Trouble may ensue at any time. The extreme susceptibility of the Spanish colony here (numbering 10,000 people) to anything touching on Cuban affairs is played on even by newsboys.

"A newsboy sold papers last evening to a group of Spaniards on the strength of crying 'Great Battle in Cuba!' When the Spaniards found that they had been deceived they gave chase to the boy. A great crowd collected and hissed the policeman who arrested the lad. The public prosecutor came up and ordered the boy released on the ground that Mexico is a free and democratic country, and the people had a right to shout 'Viva Cuba Libre" or anythiog they chose.

"It looked for a time as if there would be a riot, as the masses are ready always to insult Spaniards, and are in sympathy with Cubans."

A Great Coal Vein.

Among the largest and most advantageously located coal mining properties in the world are those of the Philadelphia and Reading coal and Iron company. In 1894 the company mined 7,415,000 tons, and it receives a large amount annually from royalties on leased collieries. In nearly all the localities where the mines are operated the coal is obtained in such abundance that the operators are very wasteful in the work of getting the coal from its place in the earth onto the cars for market, but it is safe to say that there are few places in the world where great quantities of coal are so readily obtainable as on this side.

At Shenandoah a thin crust only of land has to be removed when a vein of coal fifty feet thick and of indefinate extent horizontally is reached. The coal is taken to the breaker at the colliery on the other side of the mountain through tunnels at the base of the vein. This stopping has only been worked a short time, but a half a million tons have been taken therefrom.—*Scientific American.*

His Wife Received the Bullets.

Wheeling, September 30.—One of the most sensational tragedies that ever occurred in West Virginia is reported from Braxton county, on the line of the West Virginia and Pittsburg railroad. The three principal actors are Thomas Hinkle, a prominent and wealthy young farmer, living a few miles from Sutton, his wife and J. O. Boon, a county official.

For some time past Boon had been paying attention to Mrs. Hinkle, and their conduct had become a matter of gossip among the neighbors. The talk at last reached the ears of Mr. Hinkle.

Last night Hinkle entered his house and found the couple there, and immediately drew a revolver. Before he could fire Boon escaped, but Mrs. Hinkle received the contents of the gun in her breast and will die.

Hinkle mounted a horse, rode to Sutton and surrendered himself to the Sheriff. He is now in jail awaiting the result of his wife's wounds. She cannot possibly recover.

Fate of an Aeronaut.

Monrovia, Cal., September 29.—An accident occured here yesterday which resulted in the instant death of Nellie W. Hagel, wife of F. G. Hagel, the aeronaut. The couple have been travelling throughout the state, making balloon assensions and parachute pumps. Mrs. Hagel made an ascent, and when at the height of 1,000 feet, she pulled the rope which cut the parachute loose, she shot downward about 100 feet like a flash,

The air caught the parachute and it commenced to open, but suddenly it became apparent that she was falling. She came down like a cannon ball. She struck on her back, her head coming in contact with the ground first. Her skull was crushed. She was 33 years of age and a native of Illinois.

Outlook is Tip Top.

New York, September 30.—George Gould, who has returned from the West, said to your correspondent to-day: "I was impressed with the splendid outlook for the crops in the corn and wheat belt I saw thousands of acres of wheat in North and South Dakota, and in Manitoba, that will yield from 30 to 50 bushels to the acre. The moving of the crops ought to work the railroads to their full carrying capacity."

President Henry W. Cannon, of the Chase National Bank, who also returned from the Northwest to-day, corroborated Mr. Gould's favorable report.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—By falling down a flight of stairs, Mrs. George W. Cornwall, of Washington, D. C., was fatally hurt.

—Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minneapolis, has announced himself as a Republican candidate for president.

—A tumble of 170 feet from Pinnacle Rock, near Bramwell, W. Va., killed Paul Flesher, postmaster at Elkhorn.

—When Arizona Charley, the cowboy, tried to give a bull fight at Denver, humane society agents took him to jail.

—It is said money enough was raised in in St. Louis to buy and ship 2,000 winchesters to Cuba, and that men have also been enlisted.

—A syndicate of Kentucky farmers wants to buy land in Anderson county, Kan., and establish an immense tobacco plantation.

—Secretary of War Lamont has officially notified General Miles that he has been named by the president to command the army of the United States.

—At the invitation of Secretary Herbert, Miss Ida Schieren, daughter of the mayor of Brooklyn, will christen the new cruiser Brooklyn when it is launched.

—Senator M. S. Quay is in favor of holding the next national Republican convention in Pittsburg, will work to secure it, and has subscribed $1,000 to the fund.

—Henry Van Moose, aged 70, died at Beaver Falls from the results of injuries inflicted by an exploding gas pipe cannon on July 4th last. He was litterally starved to death, as the injuries caused affected his throat so that he had to be fed through a tube.

—About noon Friday an 11-year-old son of Samuel Peterson, who lives one mile east of Ligonier, took suddenly ill and in less than two minutes he was a corpse. He had been in the best of health up until within two minutes of his demise and his sudden death is shrouded in mystery, the cause not being known.

—While crossing a bridge on the North Pennsylvania railroad, near Ogontz, Friday morning, Mrs. William Moorehead, of Oak Lane, and her 16-year-old daughter were struck by an express train and hurled from the bridge. The mother was instantly killed and the daughter was taken to the Jewish hospital, Philadelphia, fatally injured.

—Colorado can make the boast of having one of the most curious freaks in the world. It is, in a word, a mammoth potato. It was grown by J. B. Swan, of Loveland, and this huge vegetable is 28 inches long by 14 inches in diameter, and weighs 86 pounds and 10 ounces, which is equivalent to the weight of 1½ honest bushels of ordinary potatoes.

—For several weeks past news items in reference to the discovery of iron ore at Falling Springs, near Hyner, Clinton county. It is claimed the ore contains sixty per cent of iron, and is twelve feet thick. Six or seven tons of the ore have been taken out, and an effort will be made now to secure the aid of capitalists to develop the ore and put it in the market.

—Bellefonte is now certain to have a monument to its most distinguished citizen, Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, the "Old War Governor." The movement which has been on foot for some time has assumed a more definite shape since the Centre County Veteran club decided to give $500 and to appeal to all the G. A. R. posts in the state for aid. General Beaver, who is chairman of the monument fund committee, says that he anticipates no trouble in raising the required sum, about $15,000.

—Saturday morning at an early hour Richard Abraham, whose home is, or supposed to be, Indianapolis, Ind., and a companion whose name could not be ascertained, were struck by No. 20 in the Derry yards. Abraham was instantly killed, being cut in twain, while his companion was so badly injured that he cannot recover. Being unconcious and their being nothing on his person, his name and residence could not be determined. Abraham is about 19 years of age and was but recently released from the reform school in Indiana.

New York Fashion Letter.

Stylish costumes of mohair and alapaca are made with jaunty blazers trimmed with bands of material covered with machine stitching. Cameleon silk blouse fronts finish prettily these gowns. The skirt is six yards wide and is ornamented with stitched bands. The new sleeves are all tight on the forearm and above are one or two immense puffs or they are the regulation gigot. Caps and all trimmings which lengthen the shoulder are very popular. Combinations in color will be used to a great extent for evening toilets. Plain satins are employed for revers, Marie Antionette fichus and other such trimmings combined with velvet of several shades. Apropos of colors the blended cameleon is a popular novelty. Framboise or rasberry red, prunell purple and scabiense together with Dahlia and Perwinkle shades, Prella and Mordore brown are the leading novelties. A new blue is Bengal. The earliest autumn hats are of the fancy dark straws. In these new shades they are trimmed more or less with rosettes and bows of velvet mingled with fanciful birds. Creped gauzes are very fashionable for evening dresses. Very charming effects are given them by Persian coloring. The effect of tucks is seen in many. Large plaids are used as well as flowers and polka dots. A novelty for fancy evening waists is a mousseline de soie with charming designs in open work embroidery; white mousseline de soire is almost covered with colored embroidered flowers. A novelty in skirts is a pretty coat from Louis XVI period. This style requires a smaller sleeve which is in character with the models of that period, but for the present large sleeves will continue to be popular. In the new fashion magazines published by A. McDowell & Co. one sees a large variety of the latest styles which ara introduced for the coming season. In looking over such a collection of beautiful models comes a desire to be able to cut and make them. The McDowell schools for dress cutting are the largest and most practical in the country. In the finishing school a dress may be cut and made while learning. The proof of the superiority of these schools and the method of cutting which they teach is found in the fact that the McDowell Drafting Machine is now acknowledged to be the standard system of dress cutting. It offers the simplest method to learn, the most rapid to use, and a perfect fit for all forms. This machine has received the two highest awards at the World's Columbian Exposition as the most perfect in existence.

"La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost $3.50 each per year's or 35 cents a copy. The "French Dress-maker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy; and "La Mode" $1.50 per year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure either of these journals from your newsdealer do not take any substitute, but apply by mail to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th street, New York.

A Storm at Sea.

Increase the discomfort of the voyager. But even when the weather is not tempestuous he is liable to sea sickness. They who traverse the "gigantic wetness" should be provided with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which quiets disordered stomachs with gratifying speed and certainty. To the hurtful influence of a tropic, malarious or too rigorous or damp climate, as well as to the baneful effects of unwholesome diet and bad water, it a reliable antidote. Commercial travelers by sea or land, mariners, miners, western pioneers and all who have to encounter the vicissitudes of climate and temperature, concur in pronouncing it the best safeguard. It prevents rheumatism and pulmonary attacks in consequence of damp and cold, and it is an efficient defense against all forms of malaria. It can be depended upon in dyspepsia, liver and kidney trouble.

B. & B.

Our PREDICTION

MADE MONTHS AGO HAS BEEN VERIFIED TO THE LETTER:

PLAIDS

are among the most fashionable fabrics for the autumn and winter season and this department given up entirely to our immense assortments is a good sized store in itself. Almost a thousand styles,

5c. to $2.00 a yard.

2,000 yards double width *IMPORTED PLAIDS* in new shades, navy, brown and other refined quiet colorings, not unusual for these goods to be imported and sold for all wool. We tell you just what they are —not quite all wool, but fine, nice goods and wonderful value at

25c. a yard.

Assorted, fine *BRIGHT PLAIDS*, all-wool, 36 to 40 inches wide,

35c., 50c., 65c. and 75c.

Almost a hundred styles artistic *SILK AND WOOL PLAIDS*, entirely new weaves and color combinations, 38 to 50 inches wide,

50c., 60c., 75c., 85c., to $1.00 a yard.

Stylish Rough Plaids,

quiet but ultra combinations, distinctly foreign in appearance, and the up-to-date dresser will select them on sight,

$1.00 and $1.25 a yard.

Such an assortment of medium to finest *American and Foreign Dress Goods* and suitings at the prices twill be impossible to find,

25c. to $2.25.

You're coming to the Exposition, of course, and to fail to see these splendid values will be against your own interest. If you can't come, write for samples and save money if you buy.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.93

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

Funeral Designs at Short Notice.

ADOLPH STAHL,

NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4.12.95.

FOR SALE!

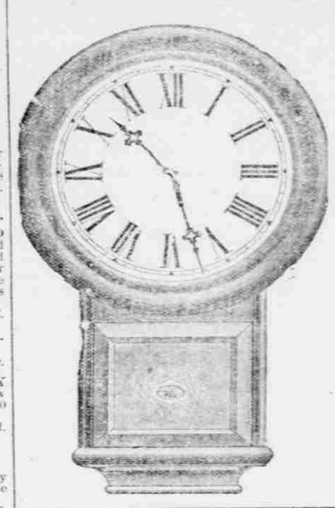
The Donovan homestead, five rooms, with good celler. Very desirable location. Apply to MICHAEL FARREN,
Sept. 20, 1895. Ebensburg, Pa.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS —AND— OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ My line of Jewelry is complete and will be sold at prices to suit the times. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

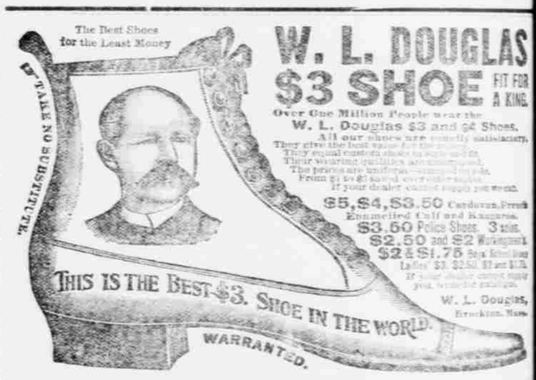
for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FIT FOR A KING.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 and $4 Shoes. All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style, fit and wearing qualities. Their value is stamped on the bottom. The prices are uniform—stamped on soles. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can. $5, $4, $3.50 Cordovan, French Enamelled Calf and Kangaroo. $3.50 Police Shoes. 3 soles. $2.50 and $2 Workingmen's. $2 & $1.75 Boys' School Shoes. Ladies' $3, $2.50, $2 and $1.75. If you want nobby shoes you should wear W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Shoe. If you want stylish shoes you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a fine dress shoe you should wear W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Shoe. If you want the best shoe for the money you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for comfort you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want the best shoe made you should wear W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Shoe. If you want a shoe for dress you should wear W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Shoe. If you want a shoe for service you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for walking you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for business you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for dress you should wear W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Shoe. If you want a shoe for comfort you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for service you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for walking you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a shoe for business you should wear W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Before Deciding

about the new cook stove, see the

CINDERELLA STOVES AND RANGES.

Examine them, and compare with self that when we say they are the best, we only state facts.

Made in all styles and sizes.

Every new feature that is of value to housekeeper.

Their cleanliness beauty also! Their economy says—money!

☞ Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. BARNESBORO—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boyer in the West end of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

☞ Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,
Formerly of Carrolltown.

5.31.95

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE 'ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞ The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving par or on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect May 26, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

WEST.	
Seashore Express, week days	2 45 a. m.
Altoona Accommodation, week days	6 40 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	10 45 a. m.
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p. m.
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	4 25 p. m.
Mail Express, daily	5 25 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 20 p. m.

EAST.	
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	9 45 a. m.
Pacific Express, daily	2 10 p. m.
Way Passenger, daily	4 20 p. m.
Mail Train, daily	8 20 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	12 01 night.
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	4 30 p. m.

Ebensburg Branch

Trains leave as follows: 7.30 and 10.20 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. and arrive at 8.40 a. m. and 12.05 p. m. and 6.40 p. m. Leave Cresson at 10.05 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. arrive at Ebensburg at 10.55 a. m. and 4.50 p. m. Leave Ebensburg at 7.00 a. m. and 11.10 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. arrive at Cresson at 8.00 a. m. and 12.05 p. m. and 6.40 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Ivyona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Clearfield at 8.00 a. m. and 3.50 p. m. Leave Clearfield at 8.00 a. m. and 5.20 p. m. arriving at Ivyona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.40 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address
Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D. 101 Fifth ave., Pittsburg, Pa.
S. M. Prevost, General Manager. J. K. Wood, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Christian Walters, deceased, late of White township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment in the same without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET WALTERS.

Coalport, Pa., Sept. 27, 1895.3

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

OCTOBER 4, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—The chestnut crop will be a very small one.

—Attend the State Firemen's convention at Johnstown.

—Miss Pat Patrick Moran, of Loretto, spent Sunday in town on Thursday.

—Indications are that corn huskings will be numerous and applebutter boilings few.

—Mrs. Jos. H. Kittell, of Bellefonte, Pa., is visiting in Ebensburg on Sunday.

—Miss Maud Zahm and Miss Cora Kendall visited Victorsdale on Thursday.

—Miss Sommerville, Esq., of Patton, spent a few hours in Ebensburg on Thursday.

—Mr. Edward P. Shoemaker, of this place, went to Pittsburg for several days last week.

—Frank James, of this place, went to Altoona on Monday to attend a college there.

—The first snow for the season fell in Ebensburg on Monday last but it melted away again.

—Messrs. William and Thomas Doran, of Carrolltown, paid Ebensburg a visit on Friday.

—Mrs. A. Bender and Miss Mary Ellen Bender, of this place, are visiting friends in Johnstown.

—The miners of Dunlo have asked for an increase of 2 cents in high coal and 7½ cents in low coal.

—Mr. C. A. Sharbaugh, Carrolltown's leading clothing man, was an Ebensburg visitor on Monday.

—There are said to be five cases of typhoid fever in the family of Adam Bowers, of Conemaugh township.

—Seventy-coke ovens were fired at Bow bridge, the engineer discovered two Russians and a performing bear midway on the bridge. Bruin was between the rails and evidently terror-stricken. His masters could not make the bear move, but the engine did the business all right. It raised the animal 10 feet in the air and sent it flying into the river below.

—Tuesday morning about 5 o'clock a fire broke out in the cellar of the Farmers' bank, at Indiana, Pa., and considerably damaged the fine building before it was extinguished. It is thought to have originated from a match or cigar dropped into a pile of papers by a gas fitter who was at work in the cellar Monday afternoon. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars and is covered by insurance.

—John Feeney, a laborer, employed on the new reservoir at Kittanning Point, went to Altoona on Monday afternoon. In the evening he boarded a freight train and returned to the Point, where, in attempting to get off, he was thrown so close to the wheels that the trucks of several cars struck him as they passed, breaking his collar bone and one arm and injuring him internally. He cannot recover.

—Alfred Ashton, formerly a well-known attorney of this county, is under arrest at Braddock, charged with uttering a forged judgment note in the name of Mrs. Ellen B. Jordan in favor of Mrs. William Ford for $18. The note was given in payment of a board bill. Ashton was debarred from practicing in this county because of serious charges and was refused admission to the Allegheny county barr for similar reasons.

—Hon. John C. Gates, of this place, clerk to the county commissioners, has flung his castor into the political arena as a candidate for the nomination on the Republican ticket for senator in this district. Hon. J. C. Stineman, of South Fork, has also aspirations in the same way, while over in Blair county there are said to be a number of patriots who are willing to serve the state if the emergency should call for them.

—This is the time to select seed corn. It should have been done before the corn was cut in the field, but when husking the corn, the best ears should be selected from the stocks that were the strongest and most thrifty. A large ear, with well-filled grains, small cob and large stock indicates something better next season than when the seed is used promiscuously from the crib. Corn is easily improved by careful selection of seed.

—Paymaster J. L. Wilson went to Johnstown on Monday and paid $800 to the miners of the Conemaugh Coal Company at Conemaugh. On Tuesday he paid $1,500 to the Argyle Coal Company men at South Fork and on Wednesday he paid $500 to the Dunlo Coal Company miners at Dunlo. Mr. Wilson says the companies are experiencing some trouble in securing enough cars to meet the demands, and that the companies he represents lost $1,000 last month during the car shortage.

—The Patrons of Husbandry, of Cambria county, have organized a fire insurance company. The first policies were issued on Saturday, the 21st, to the amount of $150,000. The project of organizing a fire insurance company was first discussed on the 14th of last January, when the county or Pomona Grange was organized at Loretto. Quite a number of grange companies are already working in this state, the one in Centre county having been organized eighteen years ago.

—Miss Carney, of Altoona, and William O'Donnell, the Chest Springs hotelkeeper, were thrown out of a buggy and the former badly injured, at Carrolltown, last Friday evening. They were driving rapidly around the corner of Main and Church streets, at that place, when they ran into a wagon and were upset. The young lady was severely bruised on her right side, face and head, and when picked up was unconscious. She was afterwards taken back to Chest Springs where she is visiting.

—Miss Margaret Mitchell, of Cresson, lost or had her purse stolen at the P. R. R. passenger station at Altoona on Thursday night of last week. Miss Mitchell, who was accompanied by her mother, laid the pocketbook down to arrange a cover over a basket. She then started for a train, forgetting the purse. She had not proceeded far until she discovered her loss, but when she returned the book was missing. It contained a sum of money and a railroad pass good between Cresson and Altoona.

—Two young men were killed on the Pennsylvania railroad at Derry, Saturday, as the result of an attempt to crawl under a freight train. The unfortunates are supposed to have escaped from the Indiana state reform school. Both the victims were fairly dressed, and appeared to be 20 years of age. Nothing about them except a card—"Richard Abraham, Indiana Reform School!"—was found as a means of identification. As there is no reform school located in Indiana, Pa., that place is not thought to be their home.

—Maud Muller on a Summer night went out on her bike in the bright moonlight. She pedalled around from 6 to 10 on a trip that would fag the strongest of men; but her heart was light and her spirits gay, for it wasn't work, 'twas nothing but play. Next morning, however, she'd a pain in her head, she was all played out and stayed in bed, while her mother hustled in the kitchen below—not to rise a wheel, but to make things go. Though the morning was hot and she worked by the fire, she did't collapse with a punctured tire.

—J. Rhey Boyd, a well-known lawyer and politician of Paducah, Ky., was found dead in his bed in that place on Monday morning. The deceased was well known here, having in his boyhood days frequently visited the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Susan Rhey, now deceased, in this place. He was the son of Hon. Linn Boyd, a congressman from Kentucky, who in 1850 was speaker of the house of representatives and his mother, now deceased, was a native of Ebensburg, being before her marriage Miss Ann Rhey. Mr. Boyd was about 45 years of age.

—On Saturday last, as Mellville Essepivein and Andrew J. Bready, employes of Scribner & Smith's circus, were crossing the Panhandle railroad near Carnegie, Pa., in a one-horse covered wagon, a train known as No. 8 came along at the moment the wagon was on the track. Both men and the horse were killed and the wagon smashed to pieces. Bready was from Coalport, Clearfield county, where his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Bready, reside, and was 18 years of age. His remains were forwarded to Coalport on Tuesday and on Wednesday morning were interred in the cemetery at that place.

—State Treasurer Jackson has paid 1,800 of the 2,400 school districts in the commonwealth their share of the school appropriation of $5,500,000 for this year. The small districts are being paid first, on account of the difficulty of many to collect the taxes. Several have not yet been able to collect enough taxes to pay the school teachers for the last school term. Philadelphia has received $300,000 of its share of the appropriation. Pittsburg, Allegheny and other large districts will not be paid for some time. The payments for this year aggregate about $3,000,000, and are being paid at the rate of $200, a week.

—David M. Copelin, of Decatur township, Centre county, recently had his house completely rodded with the very latest improved lightning arresters, with shining tips on them that looked like electric lights. During the progress of a severe storm last Thursday a streak of lightning came along and smashed a hole in the roof of his house and played havoc with things generally, and what aggravates the Captain is that it never touched a blamed rod. Unless lightning rods are properly put up they are a source of constant danger to the home and all its inmates. And the most of them are not properly put up.

—Every farmer should place some insurance on his barn and harvested crops, for statistics shows more well filled barns to be destroyed by lightning than empty ones, that is, the risk after harvest is greater than before. The department at Washington investigated and gives reasons as follows: Before harvest the stalks of growing grasses, with their many points and heads act as conductors of electricity and serve as discharging points, to some degree neutralizing the electric stress in the air. After harvest the fields are more or less bare, and the electric tension must be relieved through buildings and prominent features in the landscape.

The Good Roads Question.

It is a significant sign of the times that the public road question has gone into politics after a fashion. As has been shown time and again, says the Baltimore *Sun*, good roads add more to the prosperity and being of a community than almost any other public improvement. The roads to a certain degree mark the civilization of the people. As people become more intelligent and public spirited they understand better the advantage of good roads, and they are not content with bad roads. For many years the building of railroads, many of them not needed, has monopolized the capital and enterprise of the people of the United States to the exclusion of other and more important improvements. Every part of the Union now has its railroads, but the people need good roads over which to haul their products to the stations. Heretofore the roads have been used as adjuncts to machine politics. The money appropriated for roads has been more intended for the benefit of small politicians than it has to make better roads.

A Cog Slipped.

At a meeting of the borough council on Saturday, that body concluded to give Water Superintendent Richard L. Thomas the grand bounce. They appointed Thomas B. Davis, of the East ward, to the position of water superintendent, with instructions to take charge on the first of the present month. Mr. Thomas was not ready to be bounced and consulted an attorney, and we understand the borough solicitor was also asked to furnish council with an opinion as to their action, with the result that Mr. Thomas is still water superintendent and is going to stay until the end of the term for which he was appointed. Mr. Davis, who is, and has been willing for a long time to serve the people of the borough in the capacity of water superintendent, is now water superintendent by brevet. He holds the rank but draws no pay and the next spring election may have some bearing on who gets the job in the hereafter.

The South Penn

We have it from good authority—it is more than a mere rumor—that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which now has possession of the right of way of the old South Penn, will within a very short time commence and complete the latter road almost on the original lines on which it was surveyed. The reasons given for this are that for some time the Pennsylvania has had to refuse about thirty-three per cent. of the freight offered for lack of means of transportation. The Pennsylvania cannot afford to allow a competing line through this region; it requires more track, and with the magnificent grade from Harrisburg to the west, and a line shortened more than thirty miles, it is almost compelled to complete the South Penn.—*Somerset Democrat.*

Turned Up After Many Years.

David Hughes, who entered the army in 1861, returned to his home in Indiana, Pa., last week, after an absence of 30 years, and was warmly received by his family who had mourned him as dead, they having heard nothing of him since the war. Instead of returning home, as did his comrades, he went to Wisconsin, where he seems to have prospered. One of the children born shortly after he left home is now Second Lieutenant Samuel Hughes, of Company F, Fifth regiment, N. G. P., located at Indiana. The meeting of the family was an effecting one. Mr. Hughes would give no explanation of his strange disappearance after the war and of his long silence. Unlike her prototype, Mrs. Arden, the Indiana woman never remarried.

Coming Down Yellow Creek.

A corps of six Pennsylvania engineers are now engaged in locating their survey up the north fork of Blacklick to Stevens' Run, near Wm. Williams' mill, from there up Stevens' run to the Summit, which they cross and then it is supposed the survey strikes Laurel Run, and then Yellow Creek at Simon's mill then down Yellow Creek where a junction is made with Indiana branch at Homer City. We do not give this route as official, but our informant believes that the above is the way chosen. This corps of surveyors are making the permanent location and claim to have found an excellent crossing place over the Summit, between the headwaters of the two streams.—*Indiana Democrat.*

Real Estate Transfers.

John Sanker to Henry J. Eger, Cresson; consideration, $100.

J. W. Hamer to Jacob Gruber, Johnstown, $2,000.

Jacob Gruber to Benjamin Roudabush, Johnstown, $4,000.

Joseph C. McCulley to Joseph A. Breth, Spangler, $93.

Catharine Hershlein to L. A. Sible, Johnstown, $3,550.

Jacob Kreutzberger to Louisa Schneider, Portage township, $100.

Joshua Kauffman to Elias J. Unger, Croyle, $10.

John T. Roberts to Altoona Coal & Coke company, Gallitzin township, $450.

John Gains to Altoona Coal & Coke company, Gallitzin township, $250.

Isaac W. Plummer to Susan L. Crum, Summerhill townstip, $16.

Henry Wissinger to Emma S. Rively, Conemaugh, $35.

Thomas Nightengale to Mary Nightengale, Morrellville, $100.

Thomas T. Reese to H. A. Englehart, Ebensburg, $1.

Administratrix of John Reberg to Martin Fish, Johnstown, $705.

Assignee of Charles and Susan McMullen to John H. Fiske, White, $700.

John H. Fiske to John O. McMullen, White, $700.

Cambria Iron Company to Richard B. Horner, East Conemaugh, $350.

Luke A. Borne to Hassimer Tartv, Susquehanna, $25.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Bernard Delaney, Gallitzin township, $21.

A Gallitzin Man Killed.

O. H. Melhorn, an employe of the P. R. R. residing at Gallitzin, was killed on Sunday morning about 11, while helping to clear away the freight wreck which occurred Saturday afternoon at the big cut west of Twenty-fourth street, Altoona. At the time Melhorn was killed the wrecking crew, of which he was a member, was hoisting the side of a gondola truck, when it turned, causing the hook to slip out of the derrick chain, and the car fell back. The drop brake, which operates the hopper bottom of the car, and which was broken away from one side of the car, struck Melhorn squarely on top of the head, fracturing his skull and causing his death 25 minutes later in the baggage room at the station, where he was taken, awaiting the arrival of the ambulance. The deceased was 23 years of age and was married the 21st of last month to Miss Wilt, of Gallitzin, who is almost prostrated by his death.

Charles Davenport, another member of the crew, also residing at Gallitzin, who was standing between the car and Melhorn when the latter was killed, was hit with stunning force above the right eye by the same bar. The position of Melhorn, probably saved Davenport's life. The injured man was taken to the hospital, and afterwards to his home in Gallitzin.

Annual Excursion to Rhododendron Park via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company announces that their annual autumnal excursion to Rhododendron Park, Lloydsville, will be run on Thursday, October 10.

At this time of the year a trip over the forest-clad mountains of Pennsylvania in their autumnal splendor, unsurpassed in richness and variety of color by the works of the greatest artists, is most enjoyable.

The acme of perfection, however, is reached at Rhododendron Park, where nature in its wildness and in modern cultivation is preserved with a most picturesque effect.

A special train will leave Pittsburg at 8:00 A. M., and stop at principal intermediate stations between that place and Cresson, the latter place included. Excursion tickets for this occasion, good to return until October 12, inclusive, and permitting of stop-off at Altoona on the return trip, will be sold at $3.00 from Pittsburg, $2.80 from Greensburg, $1.25 from Johnstown, 70 cents from Cresson, and proportionate rates from intermediate stations.

The extremely low rates that prevail for these excursions render them very popular, and the opportunity offered by this year's excursion should not be missed.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, October 3, 1895:

August Post, Dysart, and Elizabeth Van Leeton, Lilly.

Edward E. O'Neill, Johnstown, and Margaret A. Lightner, Braddock, Pa.

Hugh Canyok and Johanna Windle, Puritan.

Benno M. Luther, Carroll township, and Harriet C. Dumm, Barr township.

Thomas A. Lego, Johnstown, and Bertha R. Gilbert, Roxberry.

George A. Blackburn and Gretta James, Morrellville.

Calvin Overdorf and Minnie R. Blackburn, Morrellville.

John Enderlein and Sophia Kline, Portage township.

Joseph C. Eshleman, Harrisburg, Pa., and Margaret A. Gettys, Cambria township.

W. T. Robinson and Marinda Strouge, Patton.

Isaiah Noon and Emma Criste, Richland township.

Patrick C. Ford and Nellie Reynolds, Johnstown.

The Pure Dairy and Food Law.

The legislature has pased a law that may bring many a one into trouble. The law provides that goods put up for food or drink must be pure or labelled "Compound," as the case may be. No manufacturer or dealer in food or drink of any kind can place it on the market and label the package strictly pure when it is not, as heretofore. For example, apple butter, which must be made from apples only, with the necessary ingredients to it to preserve it. Otherwise, applebutter may be made from pumpkins or some other article of food. It will be necessary for every dealer in food or drink to see that the package is labelled for what it is by October 1. The law is very strict in this matter, and if anyone is caught selling goods, no matter when purchased, he will make himself liable to a heavy fine, or fine and imprisonment. All that is necessary in this case is to provide yourself with a label with the word "compound," and paste it on the package, provided you are not certain of its purity.

Killed by a Harrow.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Thomas Sebring, a farmer who resides near Cherrytree, was harrowing a piece of ground, and for a team had a yoke of ozen. From some cause or other the cattle became unmanageable and ran off. At the entrance to the field was a little two-year-old child of Mr. Sebring playing, and when the cattle started to run away they made for the gap in the fence, dragging the harrow after them. The little child was knocked down by the harrow and fell under it, and was dragged several rods over some very rough ground before being released by the tilting of the harrow. When picked up the child was unconscious, covered with blood and wounds and nearly divested of clothing. It died in about two hours afterwards.

Summit School.

Number enrolled—girls, 17; boys, 21; total, 38. Average—girls, 16; boys, 17; total, 33. Perfect in attendance—Grace Eager, Myrtle Myers, Celia Glass, Regina Glass, Mary Parrish, Joseph Parrish, Simon Eckenrod, Hugh Eckenrod and Robert Bell.

Miscellaneous Notices.

WANTED —A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

LOST between James Kirk's farm and Ebensburg, on the old plank road, a gum blanket. The finder can leave it at the FREEMAN office. 9.27 GEO. W. SCHERRY.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in October, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

OPENING of the Oyster Season at McBreen's. The Oyster season will be opened up at McBreen's Restaurant, Ebensburg, on Tuesday evening next, when the finest fresh Oysters in the market can be had to order, stewed, fried or raw. McBreen always keeps the finest oysters, and will continue to do so the coming season. 8 30

NEW OYSTER PARLOR.

On and after Monday, October 7th, I will open up an oyster parlor in the room of M. D. Rearer, on Julian street, Ebensburg. Stewed Oysters Fried Oysters, and Oysters by the pint, quart or gallon. Fresh Fish will also be kept on hand. Parties leaving their orders will have their Oysters or Fish delivered. JAMES H. GANT. oct4.1m

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the store of H. P. Eberly, in the township of Munster, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1895,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1.—The one undivided half part or interest in two certain lots of ground situate in said village of Munster, bounded on the north by the turnpike, known as Huntingdon street; on the east by Clearfield street; on the south by Popular lane, and on the west by lot No. 138, being known and designated on the plan of lots of said town of Munster as lots Nos. 136 and 137, and having thereon erected a two-storied

PLANK HOUSE.

No. 2—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in said township of Munster, bounded on the north by land of Samuel Noel; on the east by land of James Noon; on the south by the Cambria & Clearfield railroad and by the turnpike; on the west by land of the estate of Cornelius Dever, deceased, and by land of the estate of Angustine Durbin, deceased, containing

48 Acres and 116 Perches.

Reserving and excepting, however, two small portions thereof, aggregating three acres more or less, which Philip Farren in his lifetime sold and conveyed to the Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year from the confirmation of sale, and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

H. P. FARREN,
Administrator of estate of Philip Farren, dec'd. Munster Twp., Oct. 4, 1895.3t

Administrator's Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned Administrator of Mary J. Risban, deceased, will expose to public sale on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1895,

at one o'clock, P. M., at the house on said premises, all that certain tract of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows; Beginning at a post; thence by land of Henry Eckenrode north 14 degrees east 160 perches to pointers; thence by land of Rosalia Littinger north 51 degrees east 57 perches to a corner near a rock; thence by land formerly of the estate of Peter Risban, deceased, south 14 degrees east 96 perches to a post, and thence by land of John Karlheim south 59 degrees west 88 perches to the place of beginning, containing

35 Acres and 100 Perches,
more or less.

This tract of land lays two miles east of the growing town of Patton and close to the road leading from Eckenrode's Mill to Patton. Good spring water, land is nearly all cleared and in good style of cultivation, and under fence. Good orchard and 1½-story house. Land is underlaid with coal.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the deed and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, secured upon the premises by bond and mortgage of purchaser.

PETER RISBAN,
Administrator of Mary J. Risban, late of Washington township, deceased.
Lilly Pa., Sept. 20, 1895

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to investigate the facts in relation to the petition of Michael Kearney Administrator c. t. a. of the estate of John Kearney, deceased, for an order to sell real estate for the payment of debts, etc., and to report upon the expediency of granting an order of sale, and also the amount to be raised by such sale, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1895, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

ALVIN EVANS,
Ebensburg, Pa., Sept. 27, 1895. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, having been appointed Auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of W. A. B. Little, Trustee to sell the real estate of Abrahain Troxell, deceased, as shown by his first and final account to those legally entitled thereto, will sit at the District Attorney's Office, in Court House, Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9TH, 1895, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where those interested may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. H. MYERS,
Ebensburg, Pa., Sept. 20, 1895. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Michael J. Nagle, late of Dean township, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB MOUSE,
Administrator of the estate of Michael Nagle deceased.
Bolivar, Westmoreland Co., Pa., Sept. 13, 1895

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that by deed of voluntary assignment, dated the 23rd day of September, B. P. Anderson and Mary J. Anderson his wife, of the township of Allegheny, assigned to me all the property, real, personal and mixed, of the said B. P. Anderson, in trust for the benefit of creditors. All persons indebted to the said estate are notified to make payment to me and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. W. BUOK.
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 4, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Philip Noel, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of Philip Noel, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all parties indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Look Box 242. V. H. NOEL,
Altoona, Pa., Sept. 6, 1895.X

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas in and for Cambria county and will be confirmed by the said Court on Monday, October 21, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

Account of M. D. Bearer, assignee of M. K. B. Creery and wife.

First and final account of John H. Morley, assignee of Jos. Jenkins and wife.

J. C. DARBY,
Oct. 4, 1895.

TAKE NOTICE that I have purchased at constable's sale the following property which I will leave in the possession of Mrs. C. B. Conrad, in Loretto borough. All persons are hereby notified not to interfere with said property. List of goods sold: 1 cooking stove, 1 heating stove, 13 chairs, 1 cupboard, 1 table, 1 lot carpet, 1 bed and bedding, 1 single bed, 1 clock, 1 clock, 1 desk.

W. RUDOLPH.
Allegheny Twp., Oct. 4, 1895.

DENTISTRY.

Do you know we are taking out teeth every day without one particle of pain?

Well, we are doing this very thing with "Odontunder," the only local anæsthetic that has stood the test and to-day it is the only one that is used universally by dentists who are up to date in their calling.

The price for "Odontunder" when painless is 50 cents, but if you experience the least pain, we only charge you the usual price, 25 cents.

How about those teeth that need filling? Well, you say they don't ache. That's just the reason why you should have them filled now. After they have ached once you will probably have to have the nerve killed and the tooth treated if you are desirous of saving it. I only charge 50 cents for amalgum fillings and from $1.00 up for gold fillings. These are hard-time prices but they go just the same. Why procrastinate?—that's a big word but it's a good one right here because procrastination means to the patient loss of sleep, neuralgia, ear-ache, tooth-ache and goodness knows what else. We know of a good many young ladies of our acquaintance who would have been married long ago if it hadn't been for those horrid-looking teeth. Remember, to every patient having teeth filled I give a box of Dr. Richards' tooth powder and full instructions for the care of the teeth. On the 13th of each month I will extract teeth free of charge. You say why on the 13th. Well, now, that's my business. All you have to do is to come. Remember I won't take out your good teeth, because I don't believe in it. Then you say suppose the 13th falls on Sunday. Come right along and we will be only too glad to relieve you of the offending member.

T. M. RICHARDS, D. D. S.,
JULIAN STREET.
jul.14

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18,89ly.

S. L. REED. MATTHOT H. J. E.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28.93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ebt-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
ma92-20ly

Announcement!

We the undersigned, wish to announce to the public and our patrons that we will conduct our business on a

Strictly Cash Basis
on and after Sept. 1, 1895,

and that on and after that date it will be impossible for us to extend any credit.

This will enable us to work at a closer margin and smaller profit, and will be an advantage to our customers as well as to ourselves. Asking you for a continuance of your patronage in the future, as in the past, we remain

Yours Truly,
LUTHER & WILLIAMS.
aug16 8t

PERSONS TO TRAVEL.

WANTED.—Several faithful gentlemen and ladies to travel for established house,

Salary, $780.00 and Expenses.

Position permanent if suited; also increase. State reference and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

THE NATIONAL,
316-317-318 Omaha Building, CHICAGO.
aug2 6m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Michael Harkey, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael Harkey, late of the township of Clearfield, county of Cambria, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DENNIS CAWLEY.
Clearfield Twp., Aug. 30, 1895.X Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration in the estate of Miles Ivory, late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

LUKE BEHE,
Administrator of Miles Ivory, deceased.
St. Augustine, Pa., Sept 6, 1895.

NEW LINE OF
FALL GOODS
NOW ON SALE AT
BRADLEYS' CASH STORE,
GALLITZIN, PENNA.

New Dress Goods. New Linings and New Trimmings. Full line of Prints, Muslins and Novelty Goods of all descriptions. Plenty of

Fall Underwear

for Ladies, Men and Children, commencing in price from 17c. for Heavy Weight Ladies' Vest. Men's Shirts and Drawers from 25c. up to Finest Made.

New Patterns in Blankets

from 75c. up to $3.50 for all-wool Plaid Blanket.

New Styles in Shoes, Hats—everything—all at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Come in and see our Stock. It is full and Complete.

THOS. BRADLEY'S,
LARGEST DRY GOODS STORE IN TOWN.

I LEAD THE
PROCESSION!
—IN—
High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our fall stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,
1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

Fall and Winter.

We are now displaying the largest stock of Best-Made Fall and Winter Clothing, Overcoats, and Gents' Furnishings and Shoes in Cambria county.

Our line of Overcoats is immense. We sell well-made and perfect-fitting Clothing as low if not lower than anyone in the State.

We have all sizes to fit the small boy as well as the largest man, no matter whether you are short or tall, lean or fat, we can fit you.

All we ask is for you to examine our goods and learn our prices, and you will be convinced that the best place in Cambria county to buy Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND CRANITE
MONUMENTAL : WORKS!

We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—
Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.
Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders.
Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.
ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

BEHIND THE CURTAINS

We have a full line of **TRUSSES** and **SUPPORTERS** of every description. A rupture is of such vital importance that we keep in stock all sizes and makes of **TRUSSES**.

We solicit correspondence and can fill orders by mail.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S**, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

MINERS SURPRISED.

Operators Paying the Advance With Remarkable Unanimity.

SIXTY-FOUR CENT RATE IN EFFECT

Very Little Trouble Any Place In the Pittsburg District — Miners at Bellevernon Refused to Work, but an Amicable Settlement Is Expected.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 2.—The unanimity with which the railroad operators have acceded to the uniform rate surprises the miners themselves. About 100 employes of J. Somers & Co., at Bellevernon, refused to go to work on account of the company store problem. Secretary William Warner called at the mine and discussed the difference with Superintendent Bates. The 64-cent rate is in effect generally.

The company agreed to pay the 64-cent cash rate, which, in their case, would be 51 cents a ton, but in doing so they would also honor any orders on J. Somers & Co. from the store. Mr. Bates argued that if the men wanted to give an order they could do so without interference, and not to give them the privilege would be to tamper with their rights.

Mr. Warner explained to Mr. Bates that it was the very principle they were fighting for, and the operators had agreed on paying the 69-cent rate where store orders were honored, whether they were company stores or not. An amicable settlement is expected. No other trouble has been heard of.

SOME OPERATORS ACCEDE.

Massillon Miners Win Their Strike at Some of the Mines.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 2.—The Ohio and Pennsylvania Coal company of this city has granted the demand of their miners employed in the Messenger mines at Massillon, where about 2,000 men struck yesterday morning for an advance of 9 cents per ton.

Other Massillon operators say their mines will remain closed until they become satisfied that the advance had been granted in Pennsylvania.

Two thousand Massillon miners have stopped work. They want 60 cents and operators want to pay 60, but the two disagree as to the plan of fixing the rate. These miners are disposed to leave the United Mine Workers of America, who are in happy touch as to prices with operators in four states and the latter are not in sympathy with the Massillon men's stop.

The Panhandle Coal company and the Youghiogheny Gas Coal company, which control mines in the Pittsburg district, agreed to pay their miners the 64-cent cash rate today. The companies anticipate no trouble among the miners.

A Pittsburg special says: The new mining rate has gone into effect. There is some controversy as to whether operators are paying the advanced rate of 64 cents per ton cash or 69 cents where a company store exists. So far only one firm is known to have positively refused to pay the rate, as their men are under contract. This may abrogate the agreement, unless the miners' officials declare a strike at the mines that do not pay the rate decided upon.

May Interfere With the Fight.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2. — Secretary Smith, when asked if he would take any steps to prevent the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight taking place in the Indian Territory, replied that if an attempt were made to pull off the fight on any reservation which is directly under the control of the interior department, and not set apart as a separate government, he most certainly would prevent it. He knew of nothing, he said, that would give the department authority to prevent the fight upon lands controlled by the five civilized tribes if the Indians consent.

Schoolboy Meets a Shocking Death.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 2.—A schoolboy impaled on a picket fence and slowly bleeding to death was the horrible spectacle witnessed in the village of Hughesville. Walter Kelly, a 12-year-old boy, in climbing over a shed, slipped and fell to a picket fence below. One of the sharp pickets penetrated his abdomen, and it required the united efforts of two men to lift him off. The boy lingered in agony for two hours before death relieved him.

Eucharistic Congress Opened.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Eucharistic society of the Catholic church opened its congress here today with a large representation of the clergy from various parts of the country. The addresses are not expected to be of interest beyond the clergy, as the society is of a doctrinal character, intended to stimulate its members to a more fervid devotion to the Holy Eucharist.

A Pennsylvanian Missing.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—The police have been asked to look for John McIntyre, who was a delegate from Pennsylvania to the recent Irish convention held in this city. Mr. McIntyre arrived in Chicago the day preceding the convention, and that same evening attended a caucus. He registered at McCoy's hotel, was assigned a room and placed his overcoat and valise in it. Since then he has disappeared as mysteriously and completely as if the earth had opened and swallowed him.

Society Sensation In Montreal.

MONTREAL, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Alfred Stevens Whitney, daughter of James O'Brien, the retired millionaire clothing manufacturerer, is suing for separation from her husband and an allowance of $2,000 a year. Miss Maud Burdett, an amateur operatic star, and a member of the choir of Christ Church cathedral, is named as co-respondent. Miss Burdett hails from Brookville and is a great favorite in local musical circles.

Condition of Harry Wright.

ATLANTIC CITY, Oct. 2.—A bulletin has been posted by Dr. Bennett, who is attending Harry Wright, the veteran baseball manager, which says: "The condition of Mr. Wright is at a critical point. He was taken with a sinking relapse, and for a time his life was despaired of. He rallied, but is yet in a serious condition."

Disfranchises Most Negroes.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 2.—The report of the suffrage committee of the constitutional convention has been at last made. It provides for the registration of qualified voters. The qualifications of electors given in the following section are regarded as practically disqualifying the majority of the negroes on account of the educational and property requirements.

Hard on Princton's Team.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 2.—The faculty of Princeton has passed resolutions prohibiting any student having conditions in his college work from playing on any athletic team. It is found that six of the 11 men now on the team will be compelled to retire from the game, until they have made up all delinquent work.

A Preacher Sentenced.

MT. VERNON, Ky., Oct. 2.—The jury, after 40 hours deliberation, gave Rev. W. G. Capps two years in the penitentiary for shooting his wife five times some three months ago. She had applied for divorce on account of cruel treatment.

A Female College Burned.

WOODVILLE, Miss., Oct. 2. — The Edward McGee college for girls has been destroyed by fire.

THREATENED A JUROR.

A Y. M. C. A. Official Gets Mixed Up In the Durrant Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The defense in the Durrant case has begun the building of an alibi for the young medical student from April 4 up to April 12 inclusive. The purpose of the alibi is to impeach the testimony of Pawnbroker Oppenheim and W. J. Phillips, who testified that on April 12 Durrant tried to pawn Blanche Lamont's ring at Oppenheim's store. During the course of the testimony which covered Durrant's movements on April 4 and 5 a struggle was precipitated by District Attorney Barnes, who again challenged the reliability of a rollcall book at Cooper college. The argument resulted in a victory for the defense, so far as the question before the court was concerned, as Judge Murphy sustained an objection to a question propounded by himself to the witness and cut off the discussion.

The trial began with a sensation which was quite as unexpected to the prosecution as to the defense. Juror I. J. Truman informed the court last

THEODORE DURANT.

Thursday, during the noon recess of the court, he was approached by H. J. McCoy, general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association, who endeavored to engage him in conversation on the subject of the trial. "If you don't hang Durrant," said McCoy to the juror, we will hang you."

The court said the offense bordered strongly on a crime and cited McCoy to appear in court Oct. 3 and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

Dedication of McMahon Hall Starts the Institution on Secular Instruction.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—With the dedication of McMahon hall, the central and most beautiful building of the Catholic university group, that institution enters upon the work of education in secular branches. The dedication ceremonies were held in the presence of a distinguished assemblage, representing the dignitaries of the church from every section of the country.

Robed in his scarlet vestments and attended by a score of archbishops, bishops and priests, Cardinal Gibbons blessed and dedicated the building. Following this Mgr. Satolli delivered the opening address, in Latin, on philosophic study. It was the introductory lecture on philosophy which the delegate had delivered at Rome during his courses in philosophy there. Addresses were made also by Prof. E. A. Pace, dean of the department of philosophy, and by Prof. W. C. Robinson, dean of the department of social sciences and law. Cardinal Gibbons closed the exercises with a congratulatory address on the eventful step the university was about to take.

Enterprising Educators In Trouble.

LYONS, N. Y., Oct. 2.—A month ago two young men named Bennett and Mott, who claimed to have been proprietors of flourishing colleges in Cleveland and other western cities, came to Lyons. They leased rooms in the Sturgess block and last week opened the Lyons' Business university, buying furniture and ordering printing on credit, and collecting in advance at large discounts. Bennett has been arrested and taken to Albion, charged with petit larceny, he having, it is charged, laid the foundation for a business college there, collected money in advance, while the school failed to materialize.

The Corbett Party En Route.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Corbett party stopped here on the way to Texas to play a game of ball, and then left. Corbett was accompanied by his manager, William A. Brady, Steve O'Donnell, John Donaldson, Joe Corbett, Jim McVey, Billy Delaney and Jim Daly. Corbett will stop at Atlanta en route. He expects to reach San Antonio, Tex., by Oct. 9. It is not known whether John L. Sullivan will act as referee.

Young Girl Reveals a Conspiracy.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Oct. 2.—Lena Cassel, a 12-year-old girl, who recently preferred charges affecting the character of John J. Ferry, a young married business man, has broken down and revealed a conspiracy to extort $500 from Mr. Ferry. She said that William Hammond of Philadelphia, a conductor on the Thirteenth and Fifteenth Street railway, had furnished her with written instructions for carrying out the scheme of blackmail.

The Bad Son Will Be Cleared.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 2.—The grand jury has finished the consideration of the charge against William Henry, known as "The Bad Son," who has been held for the murder of his father, Charles W. Henry. It is understood that the jury decided not to bring an indictment, although a formal report will be made on the case Tuth Friday.

Another Archbishop to Be Sued.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Rev. Anthony Kozbowski, priest of the Polish Roman Catholic church in Lubeck street, near Roby, will begin suit for damages in the sum of $100,000 against Archbishop Feehan of the diocese of Chicago. The suit is the result of the trouble growing out of the excommunication of the priest by the archbishop.

Constable Killed by a Train.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 2.—Jefferson Roesler, constable of the Eighth ward, has been instantly killed at the Dodgetown crossing of the Delaware and Hudson Canal company by a passenger train. His body was terribly mangled. Mr. Roesler was a middle-aged man.

Women Killed by a Train.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Clara Buckalew, 55 years old, and her neice Miss Grigens, of Monmouth Junction, N. J., have been instantly killed by a train on the track of the Jamesburg branch of the Pennsylvania railroad.

Ohio Firm Loses Its Suit.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—The suit brought by the Whitmar & Barnes Manufacturing company of Ohio against the Craver & Steel Manufacturing company has been dismissed by Judge Showalter.

Strikers Won Their Fight.

IRONWOOD, Mich., Oct. 2.—After a three days' strike the demands of the miners and other employes at the Brotherton mine at Wakefield for higher wages have been granted.

Five Victims of an Explosion.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—An explosion has occurred in a mine in the village of Tyldesley, near Manchester, by which five persons were killed.

A HOT POLITICAL ROW.

Texas' Special Legislative Session Develops One.

TWO BILLS AGAINST THE FIGHT.

Both Contain an Emergency Clause For Immediate Enforcement — The Sports Can Block the Passage of Any Measure. Governor's Forcible Message.

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 2.—The two bills introduced in the special session of the legislature, called by Governor Culberson, to take action regarding the coming Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight, contain an emergency clause, which provides for the acts to go into effect immediately should they become laws.

One of the bills, introduced by Senator Lewis, is recognized as the administration bill, and prescribes that a fistic encounter between man and man shall be deemed a felony, and shall be punished by an imprisonment of not less than one or more than five years. The other bill, prepared by Senator Simpson, provides for an imprisonment of from five to ten years.

As the situation now stands, the fight management have given up all hopes in the senate, but they have 18 solid men in the house, and at present these 18 can block the passage of any measure. The matter of the enactment of an anti-prizefight law has narrowed down to a political row between the administration and anti-administration crowds, and the Florida Athletic club has been relegated to the rear. The fight promises to be a very bitter one.

The governor in his message reviews the laws against prizefighting in Texas, calling attention to the errors therein and closes by saying: "All persons have been given notice that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons exhibition would not be permitted; that whatever has been done by its projectors was with full responsibility for the consequences. The public interests require that this exhibition especially should be suppressed. Discountenanced by Mexico and the territories, outlawed and driven from every state, it is proposed to assemble a horde of ruffians and gamblers and offer this state this commanding insult to public decency. Against it the instincts and pride of the people revolt, and your prompt and resolute action will spare them this ignominy and shame."

He recommends a law making prizefighting a felony. There is a strong lobby here from Dallas, and leaders of it claim to have votes enough in the house to defeat the emergency clause.

A Laredo special says: It appears that the Florida club officials have doubts as to their ability to pull off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight in Dallas, and have secured by telegraph an option on the amphitheater and arena used for bull-fighting in New Laredo, Mexico. This would seem to indicate that the fight will be pulled off there. The option is for one month, but further particulars could not be obtained.

A Bride Saved Her Trousseau.

STROUDSBURG, Pa., Oct. 2. — Miss Lillie Buckley, daughter of Peter Buckley, owner of the Central House, which was destroyed by fire a few days ago, is the heroine of the hour. Miss Buckley, who is to be married in a few days, rushed into a room of the burning building and saved her wedding trousseau.

The Cholera In China and Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The steamer City of Pekin has arrived from China and Japan, and went immediately into quarantine. The Pekin is 30 days out from Yokohoma. When she left there cholera was raging. In Northern Japan there are no signs of the plague abating.

Robbed a Philadelphia Company.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 2.—Francis B Green, who is wanted for the larceny of between $2,500 and $5,000 from an insurance company in Philadelphia has been turned over to Detective H. C. Bond of that city by the Lynn police.

Indiana Miners Get an Advance.

BRAZIL, Ind., Oct. 2.—The Block coal miners and operators of this district have arranged a scale for the coming year. The operators granted the miners' demand for 75 cents per ton, and work will be continued in the mines.

Episcopal Convention Opened.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 2.—The great triennial convention of the American Episcopal church opened here today. A large number of bishops and clerical and lay delegations are present.

A Bishop Drowned.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 2.—Advices received from Blantyre are to the effect that Bishop Maples of Nyassaland and a companion have been drowned in Lake Nyassaland.

New Pennsylvania National Bank.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The comptroller of the currency has authorized the Moshannon national bank of Philipsburg, Pa.

Ex-Senator Mahone Sinking.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Ex-Senator Mahone is very low. His physicians fear that he cannot survive much longer.

China Grants France Satisfaction.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—It is announced that China has accorded full satisfaction to France for the recent attack made upon the French missions in China.

Prof. Blake Dead.

HAMPTON, Conn., Oct. 2.—Prof. Eli Whitney Blake, lately Hazard professor of physics at Brown university, has died here.

Prominent Californian Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—Ira P. Rankin, a pioneer millionaire, philanthropist and prominent Congregational layman, is dead.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

A costly drought is prevailing through out Europe.

Marines from a Spanish cruiser are said to have landed on the Florida Keys to look for filibusters.

Engineers are to present to the District of Columbia grand jury the serious condition of the government printing office.

An inquiry into the gun test disaster at Sandy Hook has been ordered.

By arresting two Bannocks for hunting in Wyoming, their right to hunt in that state under treaty is to be tested.

A serious diphtheria epidemic is raging in the town of Thornton, R. I., and the schools have been closed.

State Veterinarian Quigley pronounces the disease that is killing cattle in Cattaraugus county, N. Y., Texas fever.

The funeral services over the remains of Prof. Louis Pasteur, who died on Saturday at Paris, will take place in the Cathedral of Notre Dame on Saturday next.

Nathaniel Doyle of Queensboro Pa., is dead from a gunshot wound, accidentally inflicted by his son. They had been gunning, and the son mistook his father for a fox in the bushes.

Edward Hecker, an 18-year-old youth, who had just been taken by detectives from Knoxville, to New York, was arraigned in the Tombs police court on a charge of stealing $75 from his former employer.

At Crozer, W. Va., a mining town on the Norfolk and Western railway, Thomas Lensey had his skull crushed with an iron bar while at work at the coke ovens. He had considerable money. His pockets were empty when his body was found.

It is announced that Dr. J. L. M. Curry, Richmond Ga., agent for the Peabody fund and the Slater fund, from which funds the Southern states have received more than $360,000, will hold a big rally in the interest of education at Lincolnton, Ga., on the 25th of October.

PEARY PARTY'S CLOSE CALL.

Prof. Dyche Says the Finding of Musk Oxen Saved Their Lives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Lieutenant Peary's colored servant, Matt Henson, and Prof. L. L. Dyche of Kansas State university have arrived from the Arctic regions on the steamship Sylvia. Prof. Dyche, while reticent as to the details of the expedition, admitted that it had been a failure. He declared that Lieutenant Peary had not managed to forge much further north than on his previous expedition. He would not give any reason for the failure other than lack of food in Lieutenant Peary's camp.

When driven back on his first attempt to reach the North Pole, Lieutenant Peary decided to press forward again in 1894. He had buried food in the ice, but when he came to look for it he could not locate the cache. He was obliged to kill his dogs one by one and feed them to the others. Dyche says, and his party lived on walrus meat when they could get it. The professor states emphatically that the party would never have reached America had it not been that, when just on the verge of starvation, Peary and Henson found some musk oxen, and this saved their lives.

OUR TITLE-HUNTING GIRLS.

London Truth Thinks We Should Manufacture Titles to Keep Cash at Home.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Truth says, commenting upon the engagement between the Duke of Marlborough and Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt: "British mammas and their daughters will soon be clamoring for protection if all the prizes in the marriage market are to fall to the American damsels. The mania for titles inherent in the Anglo-Saxon it is in vain to contend against. But, the matter is somewhat serious to the United States. That country must be a great loser through the accumulations of its wealth crossing the Atlantic. If this continues the United States will do well to manufacture the coveted article at home, for it is a wooden nutmeg that is easily bought.

"The existence of titles, it is true, is not in accordance with the simplicity of republican institutions; but, in view of the heavy drain, this might be overlooked and the parents of any girl might be allowed to buy her a title, say, for £200,000 ($1,000,000). The public treasury would thus be filled with dollars and the girl would remain at home. There would still be the difficulty of finding husbands in the home market for the Americans are as strongly opposed to becoming rich through their brides, as the British noblemen are in favor of this mode of enrichment."

Forbidding Divorces In the State.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 2.—South Carolina occupies the unique position among the states of the Union as being the only one which has no divorce law and never had. The constitutional convention after a hard fight, by a vote of 86 to 49, has adopted a section of the constitution forbidding the granting of divorces for any cause whatever and not allowing recognition of divorces granted in other states.

Insane Asylum to Be Investigated.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 2.—For several weeks newspapers and individuals throughout the state have been charging that there was gross mismanagement of the insane asylum at Spencer. These charges include drunkenness, incompetency, cruelty to patients and favoritism of the management to employed relatives. Governor MacCorkle has ordered a rigid investigation to begin Oct. 25.

Two Train Robbers Caught.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 2.—James Brown and Victor Taylor, farmers living in Isabella county, have been arrested charged with complicity in the holdup of the Chicago and West Michigan train near Fennville on Aug 20. Engineer Zibbell is said to have identified both men.

Alleged Embezzler Caught.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.—Arthur J. Goodwin, recently agent at Cripple Creek, Colo., for the Continental Oil company of Denver, has been arrested in this city on a charge of embezzlement at the request of the chief of police of Colorado Springs.

Eight Perish In the Storm.

MUNISING, Mich., Oct. 2.—The barge Elma, which broke loose from her tow during the recent storm on Lake Superior, has been picked up and taken to Grand Island. The crew of six men and a woman and child are undoubtedly lost.

A Mail Steamship Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—A dispatch received here by Lloyds from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, announces the wreck and total loss of the German mail steamship Uruguay, of 1,460 tons. The passengers and crew were saved.

Become Presidential Offices.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Among the fourth-class postoffices that have become presidential are: Ohio, Oak Harbor; Pennsylvania, Livonia, North Wales, Richland Center; West Virginia, Montgomery.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 1.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 66@67c; No. 2 red 65½@66½c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 42@43c; high mixed shelled, 38@38½c; mixed car, 40@40½c No. 2 yellow shelled, 38½@39c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 30@30½c; No. 2 do, 25½@26; extra No. 3 white, 24@24½c; light mixed 23@23½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.50@16.75; No. 2 timothy, $15.25@15.75; mixed car, $15.50@15.75; packing $7.50@8.00; No. 1 feeding prairie $16.75@17.00; wagon hay, $16.00@17.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 25@26c; Ohio fancy creamery, 22@23c; fancy country roll 15@16c; low grades and cooking, 5@7c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, new, 8@8½c; New York, new, 9@9½c, limberger, new, 10@10½c Wisconsin Swiss, 12@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio in cases 15@15½c, 1c more for candled.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 6@7c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; spring chickens 30@35c as to size; dressed chickens 11@12c per pound; dressed spring chickens 11@12c, ducks, 12@13c; live turkeys, 9@10c.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Oct 1

CATTLE—Receipts only fair this week compared to last. The supply is about equal to the demand, and the market is opening steady at about unchanged prices. We quote: Prime $5.20@5.40; good, $4.90@5.00; good butchers, $4.70@4.25; rough fat, $2.75@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, $1.50@3.00; fresh cows and springers $15.00@35.00.

HOGS—Receipts very light today and the demand good, while the market opened up actively and shade stronger than yesterday, while we think these prices will hardly be maintained very long. We quote as follows: Prime medium, $4.80@4.85; best Yorkers, $4.75@4.80 common to fair Yorkers, $4.55@4.65; heavy grades, $4.65@4.70; roughs, $3.00@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair and the demand only fair, while the market is steady at the following prices. Extra, $3.20@3.50; extra, $3.00@3.10; good $2.40@2.60; fair $1.50@2.00; common, 50c@$1.40 lambs, $2.00@4.25; veal calves, $6.00@6.50 heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI Oct 1

HOGS—Market active at $3.50@4.45, receipts 2,000 head, shipments, 1,600 head.

CATTLE—Market dull and easy at $2.25@5.00; receipts, 700 head; shipments, 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep market dull and weak at $2.00@4.00; receipts, 1,400 head; shipments, 600 head. Lambs market dull and easy at $2.25@4.25.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1

WHEAT—Spot market weak. No. 2 red, 67c asked; No. 1 hard, 69½c delivered.

CORN—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 37c.

OATS—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 24½c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 8½@10½c dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7¼@8c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market more active; lambs slightly firmer. Sheep, poor to prime, $2.00@3.25. Lambs, common to choice, $3.50@5.00.

HOGS—Market firmer at $4.80@5.15.

SPAIN'S SECOND LOSS.

Officials Sad Over the Wreck of the Christobal Colon.

INSURGENTS' FRIENDS JUBILANT.

They Claim In Havana That the Rebels Sunk the Cruiser With a Torpedo—She Landed on a Reef During a Storm. Crew Saved.

HAVANA, Oct. 2.—The wreck of the fine Spanish warship Cristobal Colon off the western extremity of the island of Cuba, so soon after the sinking of the Spanish cruiser Barcastegui, which was sunk in collision with the merchant steamer Mortera at the harbor entrance, has cast a feeling of intense gloom over the government officials here. There are none too many Spanish vessels in these waters at present, and the loss of the Cristobal Colon will be keenly felt by the government at this crisis.

The friends of the insurgents are circulating the usual sensational stories regarding this, the latest disaster to the Spanish government, claiming that the cruiser was sunk by a torpedo exploded by insurgents. In official circles, however, this report is classed as being "nothing more than an invention of the rebels," and the distinct statement is made that there is absolutely no reason for doubting the official announcement made that the Cristobal Colon was driven on the Colorado reef by the violence of the cyclone, and not as a result of the explosion of an insurgent torpedo.

In spite of the official assertion, there is no doubt that the government has not thought it proper to make public all the facts in the case, and this may not be done until the official report of the wrecked cruiser has been received and passed upon. The cruiser carried a crew of 200 officers and men.

One report is that she dragged her anchors and went ashore while taking shelter in the Gulf of Guadiana from the fierce cyclonic storm that has been raging.

Another report has it that the cruiser ran on a reef at night when her commander believed her to be far enough off shore to continue steaming against the force of the cyclone. Everything possible seems to have been done to save the cruiser, but all efforts in that direction were useless and she was finally abandoned, a helpless wreck, pounding herself slowly to pieces on the Colorado reef. Some of the crew swam ashore, others reached land by means of pieces of wreckage and in the boats, but all the crew, officers and men, were saved by one means or other.

The Major Armes Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The indications are now that Secretary Lamont will take no action in the case of Captain Armes until the court renders its decision upon the application for habeas corpus Saturday. A representative of the judge advocate general's department will be present to uphold the legality of General Scofield's action in arresting Armes, and if the court should sustain that action an order for a courtmartial is looked for.

Blackburn's Daughter Married.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Miss Lucile Blackburn, daughter of Senator Joseph Blackburn of Kentucky, has been married at St. Matthew's Catholic church to Thomas F. Lane, chief of a division of the register's office in the treasury department. The wedding party was confined to 15 persons, making up the relatives and Mr. Logan Carlisle and Lieutenant Niblack. The Rev. Father Bart performed the ceremony.

Treasury Receipts and Expenditures.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures during the month of September shows receipts, $27,549,678; expenditures, $24,320,481, which leaves a surplus for the month of $3,229,197, and a net deficit for the last three months of $9,884,658. The receipts during September are classified as follows: Customs, $14,653,967; internal revenue, $12,209,008; miscellaneous, $635,701. The pension payments during the month amounted to $16,707,907.

The Thirteenth Bank Closed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Oct. 2.—The Bank of Monett and the Bank of Purdy, both Barry county institutions, have been closed by Secretary of state Lesuer upon notification by the state bank examiner of their insolvent condition, and are in the hands of receivers. This makes 13 banks closed by the secretary of state since the execution of the new bank examination law began on the 1st of July, besides some half dozen others that anticipated the examination by making assignments.

Republican Reunion Proposed.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 2.—A local paper prints letters from members of the Republican national committee in 23 states, endorsing the suggestion of a reunion next year of the survivors of the first Republican convention at the fortieth anniversary of the birth of the Republican party. Chairman Carter writes that he will lay the matter before the next meeting of the committee and ask that appropriate action be taken.

Stern Must Serve His Sentence.

MUNICH, Oct. 2.—The regent of Bavaria, Prince Luitpold, has declined definitely to entertain the appeal of Mr. Louis Stern of New York, who was sentenced to imprisonment and fine for having insulted Baron von Thuengen, the deputy commissioner of the spa, at Kissingen.

Determined to Coerce the Porte.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 2.—It is reported in official circles here that the envoys of the three powers, Great Britain, France and Russia, will shortly receive instructions from their governments to resume negotiations with the porte regarding the Armenian question.

Prospector Killed by Apaches.

ALBUQUERKE, N. M., Oct. 2.—James Cornell, a well-known prospector and rancher of San Mateo, has been shot from ambush and killed by one of a small band of renegade Apache Indians who have been prowling about in the mountains in that vicinity.

Miners Strike In Illinois.

PEORIA, Ills., Oct. 2.—All the miners, about 200 in number, employed in six coal mines along the line of the Peoria and Pekin Union railway, have quit work because they were refused an advance from 46 to 51 cents per ton.

A Stonemason Killed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Patrick Reeld, a stonemason, 44 years old, residing in Brooklyn, has been instantly killed by the fall of a derrick.

FREE

$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 100 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

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Sick Headache and relieves all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE
NEVERSLIP
THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,
Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

THE KEELEY CURE

Is a special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and awaken to find the disease of alcoholism fastened upon them, rendering them unfit to manage affairs requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,
No. 4246 Fifth Avenue,

restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1600 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

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AUGUST
CLEARANCE

The second week—first two weeks—exceeded our highest anticipations. Must clear out stock by September 1st. As fas fast as one lot goes another takes its place.

NEW FALL STOCK

is beginning to come and we must have room, so all our immense stock of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing and Gents' Furnishings must go

REGARDLESS OF COST OR PROFIT.

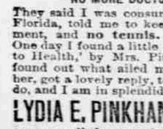
This is the Greatest Price-Reducing Sale ever held in Lilly. If you have not been in to see us, you had better come before the good things are picked out.

Strictly Cash. No Credit.
One Price. No Discount.
Good Exchange or Money Back.

To trade with us means prosperity to you.

MULLEN,
THE CLOTHIER.
LILLY, PA.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.



$11.50
No. 37. Surrey Harness.
$37.50
No. 7856. Top Buggy.
$43.00
No. 3. Extra Wagon.
$75
No. 76. Surrey.
$23.50
Single, $65 to $120
Double Buggy, $115—$55
Farm, $15 to $25.50.
No. 1. Farm Harness.
$55
Riding Saddles and Fly Nets.

Elkhart sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the largest and largest manufacturers in America. Handling Vehicles and Harness this way and a privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. We put an agent's profit to order for you! Write your own order. Postal free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed same as sell for $60 to $80. Surreys, $65 to $100 same as sell for $100 to $130. Top Buggies, $37.50 to $100. Phaetons, $60 to $150. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR ALL. WORKS A CHILDREN.

Our Harness are sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

"WANT A WAGON?"

We have wagons, buggies, surreys. High grade, as light, strong, durable, stylish, as beautifully finished as modernized manufacture can produce. Built on honor by men of life experience. Honesty is our policy; prompt shipment our specialty. We want to know you. Write us. Costs you nothing. May lead to business by and by. Send for our catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

"BUILT FOR BUSINESS."

"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME!

They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.

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